جوردان تايمز يومية مُسَاسية تصَمَّل بِالإَبْجَايِرية عن المُوسسة الصحفية الأردنية «الراي،

CAIRO (AP) - A regular Arab League summit will be held in Cairo Nov. 24-26 to consider Arab and international affairs, Chadli Klibi, secretary general of the Arab League, said Tuesday. He disclosed this to reporters after he met with President Hosni Mubarak to discuss preparations for the summit, the first in Egypt in more than 13 years. An Arab summit in Baghdad, Iraq, last May, agreed in a proposal by Muharak that Arab leaders meet annually in November. Cairo was chosen as the site for the coming parley. A foreign ministers' meeting to prepare for the summit also will be held in Cairo. Kibi said that the Arab League headquarters will move from Tunisia to Egypt in September, but that the transfer will not he completed until July 1991. Klibi and Mubarak met on the sidelines of the Organisation of Islamic Conference's (OIC) foreign ministers meeting, which the Egyptian president inaugurated Tuesday. Mubarak also met with Lebanese Prime Minister Salim Hoss, who doubles as foreign minister and is attending the Islamic conference.

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Arafat, Carter exchange messages

TUNIS (R) — Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and former U.S. President Jimmy Carter exchanged messages this week on how to break the deadlock in the Middle East peace process, Palestinian officials in Tunis said Tuesday. They said a message from Carter was handed to Arafat last Sunday in Baghdad by a U.S. envoy who returned with Arafat's reply.

UAE president visits Egypt

CAIRO (R) — United Arab Emirates (UAE) President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan arrived in Cairo Tuesday on a three-day state visit for talks with President Hosui Muharak. Mubarak greeted Sheikh Zayed at Cairo airport. They were due to travel by train to the Mediterranean city of Alexandria. Diplomats said their talks were likely to focus on Iraq's dispute with Kuwait over oil and territory. Iraq has accused the UAE, along with Kuwait, of undermining its economy by selfing too much oil and driving down prices.

2 killed in soccer game in Belrut

BEIRUT (R) - A soccer game in Beirut's lawless southern suburbs ended with two people shot dead, a security source said Tuesday. The source said trouble started when a coach refused to let a substitute player take part in the first half of the game in the Chiyah district Suuday. The coach promised to let him play in the second half. But the unnamed man, in his twenties, lost his temper. "He first got into a fistfight with the coach and then rushed to a nearby militia office, brought a Kalashnikov rifle, returned to the pitch and shot the the source said. The source said the Shi'ite Amal militia, which controls part of the suhurbs, arrested the killer and put him in front of a firing squad at a nerarby graveyard.

Gorbachev sued

MOSCOW (R) - A former KGB major-general who was stripped of his military titles and awards last month has filed a law suit against Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, the Kousomolskaya Pravda newspaper said Tuesday. Oleg Kalugin, punished for charging publicly that the Soviet security forces were still using Stalinist methods, also wants to take Prime Minister Nikolai Ryzhkov and KGB chief Vladimir Krynchkov to court, the paper said. "Kalugin considers illegal the recent decree and resolution hy government bodies depriving him of his military rank of major-general, USSR decorations and medals, and his pension," it said, but gave no further details of the suit.

Dublin envoy leaves Lebanon

BEIRUT (R) — Irish envoy Adrian McDaid left Lebanon Tuesday after waiting three weeks in vain for the release of Irish hostage Brian Keenan. McDaid, who represents Dublin in five Middle Eastern countries, arrived July 12 following media reports that a Western hostage, possibly Keenan, would be freed. He met several top Lebanese officials and Muslim clerics during his visit.

German talks given a twist

BONN (R) - Moscow has injected a new twist in the path to German unity by insisting the all-German parliament must ratify an agreement with the World War II allies before a return to full sovereignty, Western diplomats said Tuesday. The Soviet demand, which the diplomats said has supported by the other three World War II alifes the United States, Britain and France — could mean Chancellor Helmut Kohl's dream of full German sovereignty at unification on Dec. 2 just after the two Germanys unite. They are working at monthly "two-plus-four" talks with the two Germanys to draw up guidelines by November on returning full sovereignty to the new state.

AMMAN WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1990, MUHARRAM 10, 1411

Iraq, Kuwait start talks

JEDDAH (Agencies) - Kuwaiti ing to regain its rights and not to and Iraqi delegations met Tues-day in Saudi Arabia to negotiate their oil and border dispute. The Knwaiti News Agency

(KUNA) said Kuwaiti Crown Prince and Prime Minister Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah and Izzat Ibrahim, vice-chairman of Iraq's ruling Revolutionary Command Council, were joined in their talks by other senior offi-

KUNA gave no details of the talks and Kuwaiti officials reached by telephone at the palace where the envoys are meeting declined to elaborate.

In Baghdad, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) said each-side in the Jeddah talks gave its point of view on 'issues contained in the memorandum presented by Iraq to the Arab League in July 15."

In the memorandum, Iraq accused Kuwait and the United Arah Emirates (UAE) of sabotaging Arab economies by pumping too much oil and pushing down prices. Kuwait and the

UAE rejected the charge.
"Iraq attends the Jeddah meet-

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Two govern-

ment-owned Jordanian com-

panies and a consortium of

four Japanese companies are

discussing the possibility of

setting up a fertiliser plant at

Aqaba, informed sources said

Tuesday.

The total investment in the

project will be in the region of

σοιμίση το σ/υ ποιμισή

according to one of the sources. "Discussious are

under way, and it is expected

that the project will be one of

the issues to be reviewed dur-

ing this month's visit of

(Japanese Prime Minister

Toshiki) Kaifu," the source

Kaifu, the first Japanese

prime minister to visit the

Kingdom, arrives here Aug. 21

ou a two-day visit as a part of a

Middle East tour. A high-level

delegation, including several

senior officials in the economy

and industry sectors, will

accompany the prime minister.

company will be \$24 million of

(Agencies) — Leaders of the Palestinian uprising announced

Tuesday they were forming a

"higher judicial committee" to

try to reduce the killings by

Palestinians of Arabs suspected

of collaborating with the Israeli

distributed in the occupied terri-

tories signalled the first national

institution to be founded for the

The uprising leaders made the

would-be State of Palestine.

The announcement in a leaflet

occupation authorities.

"The equity of the proposed

told the Jordan Times.

hear new talk about 'fraternity and solidarity' which yields nothing," the Iraqi government newspaper Al Jumhuriya said.

Baghdad, which has moved thousands of troops to the Kuwait border, used Al Jumhnriya to repeat accusations that Kuwait had seized Iraqi territory and stolen oil worth \$2.4 billion.

Another official newspaper made clear Iraqi President Saddam Hussein expected Kuwait yield to its demands for billions of dollars.

"Iraq's demands... are the essence of the meeting, therefore responding to these rights is undoubtedly the correct and appropriate ground for any se-

rious dialogue," said Al Thawra. The Washington Post reported Tuesday Iraq's buildup on the Kuwait horder had reached almost 100,000 troops hacked up by 300 tanks, artillery and hridging equipment. A Western diplomat in Kuwait told Reuters there were 30,000-40,000 troops.

Diplomatic sources, quoted by the AP said the build up of troops

\$58m-\$70m fertiliser plant

with Japanese equity planned

which the Japanese consor-

tium is expected to contribute

60 per cent," according to another source. Jordan hopes

to raise the rest of the required

investment through soft loans

from external sources, most probably Japanese, he added.

embassy said he did not have

any immediate details of the

Mitsubishi, one of the big-

leading the consortium.

Names of the other companies

were not immediately avail-

The Jordan Phosphate

Mines Company (JPMC) and

the Arah Potash Company

(APC) are the Jordanian coun-

terparts for the Japanese con-

sortium in the proposed pro-

ject, which will have an annual

production capacity of 300,000

tonnes of compound fertiliser

made from phosphate. Most of

the production will be mar-

keted in Japan, according to

The idea of a joint Japanese-

Jordanian fertiliser project was

launched in late 1988 during

initial project proposals.

Uprising leadership moves to

reduce 'collaborator' attacks

authorities.

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM killings of Palestinians suspected Human Rights in the Occupied

of collaborating with the Israeli

In July, 15 Palestinians were

killed by unknown assailants but

believed to be fellow Arabs for

informing or collaborating in

other ways, according to figures

compiled by the Associated

In contrast, three Palestinians

died in July of wounds sustained

in clashes with Israeli troops, and

a fourth Arab was killed in a

prison breakout, according to the

Israeli Information Centre for

companies in Japan, is

An official at the Japanese

dated from the beginning of the crisis but the number of soldiers involved had not been easy to determine. Earlier reports spoke of some 30,000 troops.

Gulf-based diplomats said Tuesday evening's first round of talks at a luxurious conference palace was only to lay the ground-work for weeks of difficult nego-

Sheikh Saad desscribed the row as "a passing crisis" on arrival. "I am looking forward with an open heart to the meeting with Izzat Ibrahim," be was quoted as telling the Saudi Press Agency.

By coutrast Ibrahim was beaming as he left his plane at Jeddah

The talks, delayed for three days, were agreed only under heavy diplomatic pressure from Arah leaders. Iraq wants subsequent meetings to be held in Baghdad.

After arrival, the two delegations lunched separately and then met in the presence of Saudi Arabia's King Fahd and Crown

Sources close to the negotia

the visit to the Kingdom of a

delegation representing the

Japanese private sector, indus-

try sources said. Japanese offi-

cials said at the time that they

were encouraging Japanese

companies to enter into direct

agreements with Jordanian in-

dustries to set up new facilities

and make arrangements for

sales of Jordanian products

ahroad. Japanese conglomer-

ates can promote Jordanian

tial international offices under

reciprocal arrangements with

Phosphate and related ferti-

liser products, the mainstay of

Jordanian exports, earned the

Kingdom a total of \$542 mil-

lion in foreign exchange in 1989, with JPMC exporting a

record of 6.4 million tonnes of

phosphates worth \$434 million

and the APC exporting 1.3

million tonnes of potash worth

In addition, the JPMC also

produced another one million

tonnes of phosphates for local

processing at its fertiliser pro-

The four fatalities constitute

the lowest one-month death toll

since the uprising began in the

West Bank and Gaza Strip in

December 1987, officials at the

human right group said. Throughout the uprising, 725

Palestinians have been killed by

Israeli soldiers and civilians and

45 Israelis have been killed by

Palestinians. A further 243

Palestinians have been slain by

(Continued on page 2)

ducing facility at Aqaba.

\$108 million.

Territories.

the Kingdom, they noted.

orts tarouga

him shook hands, embraced and kissed when they met.

Sheikh Saad and Ibrahim later went into a private session behind closed doors followed by a session with full delegations. The meetings lasted about two hours after which the negotiators were hosted at dinner by King Fahd. No details were given on the

negotiations but the sources said the delegations will continue meeting Wednesday. Sheikh Saad was accompanied

hy Oil Minister Rashid Salem Al Ameeri, Justice Minister Dhari Abdulia Al Othman and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Sheikh Nasser Mohammad Al Ahmad.

Missing was the deputy pre-mier and foreign minister, Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah.

Sheikh Sabah, foreign minister for 27 years, was accused by Baghdad media of being a U.S. agent and consistenly sabotaging Iraqi-Kuwaiti relations. He did not publicly respond.

(Continued on page 2)

Hrawi vows to oust

Aoun BEIRUT (R) — Lebanese President Elias Hrawi said Tuesday his Syrian-backed government would be merciless in hringing Christian General Michel Aoun to heel but he ruled out the use of force.

"It is time for the government institutions to return to the state... We will not be lenient with the one who infringed the dignity of the state and the rights of the citizen," Hrawi said in a televised broadcast on the eve of Army Day Wednesday.

Aoun, holding out in the pres-

idential palace in the Christian enclave of east Beirut, refuses to recognise the authority of Hrawi who was elected last November.

At the head of 15,000 mainly Christian troops of the Lebanese army, Aoun last week rejected a plan to implement an Arah League-hrokered peace accord for Lebanou.

"He who rejects the reconciliation is against Lebanon, its state and army," Hrawi said. "We will not have mercy on he who tries to influence the role of this institu-

Hrawi's 15,000 mainly Muslim troops, led by General Emile Lahoud, began cutting off fuel to Aoun-held territory Monday as part of sanctions ordered by Hrawi to drive Aoun out.

"I have always chosen the path of logic and dialogue," Hrawi said Tuesday. "Blood only leads to more blood and destruction. Violence only leads to violence. My hand is extended to each and everyone of you to cross to peace... and unity.

Lahoud, in a similar statement, vowed to keep his troops out of political rows.

The army will not be involved in the local political struggle. It will always stay a guarantee and a

referee for everyone," he said.

Mustapha Saad, leader of the Popular Liberation Army which controlls Sidon, told reporters both agreed that fighting would stop at 7 a.m. (0400 GMT) Wednesday.

The fighting between Hizbol-lah and Amal erupted July 16.

Some 186 people have been killed in these artillery battles and 560 wounded. Much of the combat has occur-

rotting corpses.

red on the rim of the Israeli "security zone," which runs three to 18 kilometres deep north of the Israeli border. The zone is patrolled by Israeli-backed Lebanese militiamen of the South Lebanon Army (SLA) who number about 3,000 and about 1.000 Israeli soldiers.

Arens, of the right-wing Liknd bloc, told Israel radio Tuesday that "there is a danger that the situation will get worse and en-

Mubarak opens OIC meeting with message of peace

CAIRO (Agencies) — President Hosni Mubarak opened an Islamic ministerial conference Tuesday with a call for conciliation, cohesion and settlement of disputes hy peaceful methods.

As he spoke, Iran made a goodwill gesture towards Egypt, saying it will release Egyptian prisoners captured during the Iran-Iraq war (see page 2).

"Islamie solidarity must be the cornerstone of all our actions," Muharak told ministers and other officials from the 45-member Organisation of Islamie Conference (OIC).

"The challenges we face are too strong for us to bandle indi-vidually." he said, citing recent and current changes on the international scene.

He appeared to refer to im-

proved American-Soviet relations, democratie reforms in Eastern European countries and plans for the European Community to unite economically in 1992. "Islamie solidarity at this time

is no longer a luxury hut an indispensable necessity," Mubarak said in his 25-minute opening when Islam witnesses unjust speech at the conference centre on the outskirts of Cairo. More than 30 ministers are

attending the five-day conference, the first of its kind in Cairo. Mubarak said solidarity dictates "that we commit ourselves to settle disputes between mem-

bers amicahly... away from the logic of threats and war." He urged OIC to play a greater role as peacemaker and spoke of Egyptian efforts to mediate dis-

putes. He did not specify but be

offices in the conflict between Iraq and Kuwait over oil production and border demarcation as well as the long-standing quarrel between Syria and Iraq.

"We are in dire need of a revival in Islamie culture at a time attacks from outside and misgnided trends from inside." Muharak told the ministers.

Muharak demanded "respect for Arah and Islamic legal and historical rights in Jerusalem."

The 85-point agenda tahled hy delegates does not touch on the Iraq-Kuwait dispute. Neither country's foreign minister has arrived in Cairo to attend the OIC

(Continued on page 5)

Jordan urges Islamic action against Soviet immigration "It is ridiculous to justify Soviet saying "it has become vital for us

CAIRO (Petra) — Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem said Tuesday that the eventual outcome of Soviet Jewish immigration to Palestine would be further Israeli extremism and "a severe hlow to the equilibrium on which the peace efforts are based - land for peace.'

Addressing the 19th meeting of the Organisation of Islamic Cotference's foreign ministers which started here Tuesday, Qasem said Soviet Jewish immigration "enables Israel to create a fait accompli, wherehy it will stretch its control and hegemony to new territories and will seize new natural resources in order to accommodate the immigrants at the expense of the Palestinian

Oasem, who was speaking on behalf of the Arab group, said:

Israel

renews

threat

shelling

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli

Defence Minister Moshe Arens

warned Tuesday that Israel would

take a role in the fighting be-

tween rival Shi'ite Muslim mili-

tlas in Lebanon if the battles

Arens' remarks followed re-

ports that Israeli tanks fired Mon-

day on battling militiamen in a

village just above Israel's self-

proclaimed "securitý zone" in

South Lebanon, killing at least 10

An army spokesman, asked ab-

out the reported tank fire, would say only "we do not confirm or

deny. We say the army is follow-

ing the events with alertness."

The warring Hizbollah and

Amal militias Tuesday agreed for

a mercy ceasefire so that the red cross could evacuate the wound-

ed from hattlefields strewn with

guerrillas and wounding 15.

threatened Israeli interests.

after

human rights since it is simply nonsense for anyone to exercise his human right at the expense of another." Qasem said the current detente

in international relations, the end state of our nation." of the cold war and prospects of creating a new international order "pose new and serious challenges to the Arah Nation, which should unite and rally its ranks in order to be able to face up to these challeoges and to catch up with the new developments."

Qasem called on the Arab Nation to play a positive and active conference under the auspices of role worldwide by capitalising on the new world developments and interacting with them rather than had demonstrated genuine inevents.

Qasem stressed the need for translating decisions into actions,

Jewish immigration as an issue of uot to limit our conferences to the mere formation of committees for formulating repeated decisions, hut to mobilise our political will to turn such conferences into frameworks for reviewing the

> He pointed out that the Palestine question "is currently passing through a very delicate stage, which calls on the whole international community to embark on an action capable of achieving an honourable settlement of the Arah-Israeli couflict through holding an international peace

the United Nations." Qasem said the Palestinians remaining on the margin of such terest in establishing peace based on international legitimacy and

(Continued on page 2)

Shevardnadze hints at another summit this year MOSCOW (Agencies) — Fore-ign Minister Eduard Shevard-nadze said Tuesday he would There was no immediate in-

discuss plans for a Soviet-U.S. summit later this year during talks with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker in the next two days.

Shevardnadze, quoted by the official news agency TASS, was speaking on board a plane flying to Irkutsk in Siberia where he will bold discussions with Baker

Wednesday and Thursday. He said the Irkutsk meeting will focus on preparations for another Soviet-American summit," as well as European security, bilateral cooperation and re-

gional problems. Shevardnadze said agreement on a second summit this year between presidents Mikhail Gorhachev and George Bush - who met in Washington in early June - had been reached when they held talks in Malta in December

last vear. "This was why, he explained, there was extremely little time left to prepare the new summit,"

dication where the projected

Meanwhile Baker flew to the Soviet Union where he will also discuss how to end the civil wars in Afghanistan and Cambodia with Shevardnadze.

summit would be held.

Baker's plane, which stopped briefly in Hong Kong from Singa-pore for refuelling, was expected to land in Irkutsk — known as the "Paris of Siberia" — at about 4 a.m. Weduesday (2100 GMT Tuesday).

During a day of talks Wednesday, Baker and Shevardnadze also were expected to discuss U.S. economie aid to the Soviet Union and the Korean Peninsula

Over the past few days, Soviet officials and commentators have indicated that they hope for progress towards ending bloody conflicts in Afghanistan and Cambodia at the meeting between the two ministers.

move amid a rise in the Trinidad coup group frees prime minister

PORT-OF-SPAIN (Agencies) -Prime Minister Arthur A.N. Robinson was freed by his captors Tuesday and "is in good spirits," Attorney General Anthony Smart announced on state radio.

Smart said Robinson was the only one of the 41 hostages released.

"We continue to pray for the safe return of the rest of the hostages," he said.

The rebel leader, Yasin Abu Bakr, earlier accused the government of trying to stage its own coup. He said there was a split within the government between those who support Robinson and those who "want the prime minister dead."

Abu Bakr said he was ready to free Robinson and had asked the armed forces commander to come and pick him up from the

Robinson said Monday he had agreed to resign, call elections in 90 days and grant his captors amnesty in exchange for the hos-

tages' freedom. These are statements of people being held at guupoint," said government spokesman Gregory Shaw. "People are made to make statements."

Abu Bakr responded by accusing government officials of trying strong army and 1,500-strong to take over Trinidad and Tobago while Robinson was being held.

Robinson, captured when rebels stormed the parliament building, told the CANA late Monday that an agreement had been reached and urged the army commander to carry out its terms.

There are mounting indications that security forces object to granting amnesty to Abu Bakr and his followers.

"What would be the future of a country where someone takes up arms against the elected government and then goes scot-free?" one senior security officer, who declined to be named, told Reu-

"This is supposed to be a democracy. We have laws that apply to everybody," he said. His statement appeared to reflect majority sentiment in the 5,000police force.

The rebels have said they had wired explosives to the prime minister and several of his cabinet members. Robinson, who was reported

by witnesses to have been wounded in the leg after rebels stormed parliament, said in the CANA interview he was "slightly battered but I'm ok." A rebel spokesman told Reu-

rian civil war, said he would be in touch with the State Department about the request.

ters Tuesday that food was running out in the parliament building and insurgents and hostages were reduced to eating carrots and "scrounging for scraps."

U.S. black civil rights leader Jesse Jackson said Tuesday he was willing to mediate the tense hostage standoff in Trinidad's attempted coup.

Rebel leader Yasin Abu Bakr told Reuters in a telephone interview that he wanted Jackson and former President Jimmy Carter to negotiate on the release of Robinson and other officials seized last Friday. Jackson, at a news conference

mainly devoted to urging President George Bush to seek United Nations forces to stop the Libedanger our interests."



Muna Abdul Ghani



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U.S., Israel open talks on economy amid housing crisis

TEL AVIV (Agencies) --- A deolegation from the United States. Israel's vital aid donor, bas opened talks with officials about the Jewish state's deepening economic problems.

The half-yearly meeting of the U.S.-Israel Joint Economic Development group took place while Israel searched for ways to pay for a flood of Soviet Jewisb immigration that is expected to bring in 150 000 people this year.

Ariel Sharon, the housing minister in Israel's new right-wing government asked the cabinet Sunday to approve a five-year \$13.5 billion housing plan.

Finance Minister Yitzhak Modai bad already proposed raising this year's \$32 billion budget by \$1.25 billion for extra housing most of it to be financed by increasing the size of the hudget deficit. He said the country could not afford Sharon's scheme.

The finance ministry said the economic implications of the immigration would dominate the talks, which involved some academics as well as government representatives.

While emphasising that the delegation can make no decisions. the U.S. embassy said factors such as the future of Washington's \$3 billion in annual aid were bound to be raised.

The U.S. group, headed hy Under-Secretary of State Richard McCormack, planned to meet Modai and Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir Thursday.

"The United States has a very important role in the Israeli economy and it is very important to continue to have the support of the United States if we want stability in the economy," said Moshe Nahum of the Israeli

(Continued from page 1)

The creating of a judicial com-

mittee appeared to be a first step

by local Palestinians towards

creating a bureaucracy to deal

Most Palestinians reject deal-

ings with Israeti police and milit-

ary courts, especially since the

1988 declaration by the Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO)

The leaflet said the higher judi-

cial committee "will establish leg-

al procedures for the State of

Palestine, including those which

pertain to interrogations" of sus-

It said details of the commit-

tee's operation would be

announced soon in a special leaf-

let. It added that until then "cor-

rect methods" should be used in

interrogations and that members

of one faction should not investi-

gate the activities of other fac-

The leaflet condemned torture

in interrogations, saying "it is

incomprehensible that we should

use such metbods when we

ourselves are the victims of such

methods at the hands the

Past statements by PLO offi-

cials bave sought to limit killings

hy wildcat groups in villages or

refugee camps. Israel has tried to

Requirements are:

INTERNATIONAL

ORGANIZATION

2. Computer skills is a must (IBM) in Arabic & English

This position is assured through end Feb. 91 & may be

Interested and qualified applicants call 656872.

Requires Jordanian Woman to work as secretary.

1. Good command in Arabic & English

with internal problems.

of an independent state.

pected collaborators.

fellow unknown assailants, the

AP said.

Manufacturers Association.

"It is a very sensitive period, a very difficult period for the overall economy," said Nahnm. whose organisation will address the U.S.-Israeli meeting.

Israel's need for additional funds coincides with U.S. efforts to reduce its own budget deficit.

The \$1.2 billion in annual economic grants and \$1.8 billion in military grants to Israel has already come under question in Congress.

Israel also wants Washington to guarantee \$400 million in housing loans, which would reduce Israeli interest costs. The White House has demanded Israel provide as yet unspecified guarantees that the funds would not be used to settle Jews in the occupied

Modai is lonking for the private sector to take a major role in providing for the immigrants, while Sharon believes the government should take charge.

The economic problems could make Israel more vulnerable to U.S. pressure to make concessions to revive chances for Israeli-

Palestinian peace talks.
Foreign Minister David Levy is due in Washington August 9 for talks with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker and diplomats said the subject of U.S. financial assistance was certain to arise.

Meanwhile, hundreds of Israeli families are seeking to move to Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank because of housing shortage, settlement leaders said Tuesday.

"Primarily in the last three weeks, we have received hundreds of applications in our area said Benny Katzover, alone." head of the "Samaria" regional

PLO, frequently describing the

deaths as political murders meant

'Levy murder plot'

Also Tuesday, three Palesti-nians from the West Bank town

of Jericho were charged with

to end dissent.

council, a settlers' organisation including 32 settlements in the northern West Bank.

Shlomo Gal, head of the Gush Etzion regional council, expressed frustration over his inability to accommodate all the applicants.

"The situation is unacceptable, we are helpless," Gal, who represents three settlements north of the city of Hebron, said in an interview.

"It takes too long, at least two years, to build housing in 'this country'. We won't be able to give them all a place."

Settlers have sought to draw Israelis to the West Bank and Gaza Strip in an effort to assert what they claim are Jews' historic rights to the occupied territories.

Some 75,000 Jewish settlers now live in the occupied territories among the 1.7 million Palesti-

Katzover said rental prices for three-room apartments in the setdement of Ariel have more than doubled from \$150 to \$400 in the last few months.

"We are building some 500-600 housing units now in my area, and all of them have been sold," he said.

The housing crush sweeping Israel was sparked several months ago by the massive influx of Soviet Jews which has already reached about 61,000 this year and may include another 90,000 by year's end.

The crisis has caused rental prices to climb sharply, displacing oung couples and disadvantaged

This has led to some violent protests and the erection of scores of "tent cities" throughout the country.

Jordan

the relevant U.N. resolutions. and bad done everything possible to facilitate it. Yet, Israel bas shown further extremism and intransigence and has wasted a precious opportunity for reaching an

plotting to assassinate Israeli Foreign Minister David Levy. Levy often commutes through Jericho from his bome in Beit Shean in northern Israel. The three Palestinians, all truck drivers, were charged in a

West Bank military court. Authorities said the three were arrested a month ago A military court in Lod also cbarged a 40-year-old mother of

12 children with carrying messages and money for Fateh. The court said Marian Musa from the village of Baher within Jerusalem was recruited into Fatch by one of ber

Palestinians in the occupied Gaza Strip told Israeli Defence Minister Moshe Arens Tuesday not to misread he relative calm there and to seek peace talks with the PLO.

"We refuse to be an alternative to the PLO and we told Arens that the PLO is the sole representative of the Palestinian people," Rafah Mayor Abdul Hadi Idhair told Reuters after a twohour meeting with Arens.

Moves to reduce attacks use the killings to discredit the

(Continued from page 1) honourable settlement, be said.

Qasem praised Iraq for its genuine willingness to make peace with Iran saying that Baghdad bad stretched its hand to Tehran to make peace. He voiced bope that the two Muslim countries, "which are now closer than any time before, will be able to establish lasting peace and open a new page of brotherly relations

between them. Qasem also lauded the efforts made by some Arab countries to heal the rift between Iraq and Kuwait.

Jeaaan

talks

(Continued from page 1)

Western diplomats say Kuwait is ready to pay Iraq billions of dollars to drop claims to disputed territory. But it is uncertain whether Iraq would accept.

Baghdad has never accepted: houndary approved by the Arab League decades ago.

Iraq is trying to develop the waterway, leading to the port of Umm Qasr, as an alternative to the Shatt Al Arab river route to Basra. Iraq and Iran, putting out peace feelers after their 1980-88 war, dispute sovereignty over the

Diplomats predicted that Kuwait, followed by other Gulf states, would eventually bow to Iraqi demands to write off credits extended to Baghdad during the war. They lent Baghdad an esti-mated \$30 billion. Kuwait and its Gulf allies are

also expected to come up with more cash to reconstruct Iraq's war-torn economy.

... 25 / 38

UPRISING EQUIPMENT': Some of group known as Revolutionary Security what the Israeli army described as 'equip-Apparatus' in a subterranean hideout the ment' used by an underground Palestinian Nablus market this week. **U.S.** considers easing Egypt's \$12.3b debt

WASHINGTON (R) - The United States is considering a request from Egypt to forgive or restructure Cairo's \$12.3-billion deht to Washington, U.S. defence officials said Monday.

"The Egyptians have asked for restructuring of debts, including forgiveness. It is under discussion and no decision has been made vet." one of the officials told Renters.

The officials, who asked not to be identified, said the matter was discussed during a recent Washington visit by Egyptian military Chief of Staff Lieutenant General Safieddin Abu Shanaf. This is not the first time that Egypt has requested relief," said

one official. The country has bought billions of dollars in U.S. military equipment. Egypt owes the United States \$12.3 billion and more than half of that — \$6.7 billion —

is military debt. Published reports have said Egypt is in a growing financial squeeze over more than \$40 billion in total foreign debt, including repayment of debt related to U.S. military aid,

The defence officials were asked to comment on reports in Egyptian newspapers that U.S. officials told Abu Shenaf that Egypt for \$488 million.

Washington was preparing to forgive the debt.

"Obviously, we are willing to consider proposals to work with Egypt to alleviate its payment burden. But three has been no decision," said one Bush administration official, who also asked not to be identified.

The annual U.S. aid package of about \$2.3 billion to Egypt is second only to the assistance that Washington provides to Israel.

Some members of Congress have questioned whether the United States should continue highlevel defence aid to two Middle East countries at a time of shrinking U.S. budgets and Eastern European need for American financial help.

The Egyptian air force is equipped with sophisticated U.S.-made fighter jets and Egypt will become the first foreign producer of American M-1 tanks in a \$2billion deal with General Dynamics Corp. Egypt is scheduled to produce up to 555 of the tanks.

The Defence Department also announced in January that it intended to sell 24 Apache attack belicopters, 494 Hellfire air-toground missiles, launchers, spare engines and other equipment to

lraq says imperialism behind media reports

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq, locked bridging equipment. in dispute with neighbouring Iraqi and Kuwaiti Kuwait, accused the West Tuesday on mounting a hostile media campaign to justify an Israeli attack on vital Iraqi installations.

The imperialist countries once again try to shuffle the cards with their guided publicity using Iraq's .. position towards OPEC's oil policy as an excuse and a cover for a new wave of distortion and intrigue," the Iraqi News Agency quoted an official spokesman as saying.

The spokesman said the campaign was aimed at "providing an appropriate cover for their strong ally Israel to strike at Iraq's vital installations.

The international media has accused Iraq of using the threat of armed force to back its demands for compensation from Kuwait for cheating on its OPEC quota and driving down oil prices.

The Washington Post reported Tuesday that Iraq had moved almost 100,000 troops near the Kuwaiti border, along with 300 tanks, 300 artillery pieces and

Iraqi and Kuwaiti envoys were due to meet in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, Tuesday to start talks to

week of troop movements, OPEC ministers meeting in Geneva agreed to try to raise oil prices by \$3 a barrel to \$21.

no mention of any troop move-ments. President Saddam Hussein told Egyptian President Hosni Mnbarak last week that Iraq did not intend to use force.

Israel bombed an Iraqi nuclear reactor in June 1981, alleging that it was about to produce nuclear reapons.

Earlier this year Baghdad accused the West of paving the way for an Israeli attack following criticism of its armaments prog-

"We warn those who need a warning and say again that he who attacks Iraq has to expect

resolve their dispute. Following the first report last

Iraq's official media has made

ramme and human rights viola-

blows that will rock its entity,"

Kabul names acting president

ISLAMABAD (AP) - A veteran politician with links to Afghanistan's ousted monarchy and its Communist-style government has been named his country's acting president, state-run radio said Tuesday.

Kabul Radio, monitored in Islamahad, said Deputy Vice President Abdul Rahim Hatif will head the government while President Najibullah is away on a brief trip to the Soviet Union.

Like Najibuliah's trip, Hatif's appointment as acting president came as a surprise.

Such appointments are rarely made during a short trip by the president, and Hatif's selection apparently bypassed Najibullah's second-in-command, Sultan Ali Keshtmand. It was unclear who had the

authority to make the appoint-

Najibullah, who uses only one name, flew to Moscow Sunday for some official meetings and a medical checknp. The unexpected visit led to speculation that the United States and the Soviet Union had reached an agreement on how to end the 12-year-old war in Afghanistan.

U.S. Secretary of State 18 Baker and Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze planned to discuss Afghanistan during two days of talks in the Siberian city of Irkutsk beginning Wednesday. Keshtmand, seen as a hardline

member of the ruling party, was appointed two months ago to the newly created post of first vice president. The 64-year-old Hatif is not a

member of the ruling Hezb-e-Eatan - Party of the H omeland, which until last month was known as the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan.

Bnt Hatif was brought into the Soviet-backed government in 1987 as the party songht to broaden its base of support and initiated efforts to distance itself from its communist past.

Hatif had served under former King Zahir Shah, who was overthrown by his cousin Mohammad Daoud in 1973 and has been living in exile in Italy. Daoud was killed during the 1978 conp that installed a com-

munist government and brought

the Red Army into Afghanistan a

Iran ready to free **Egyptian prisoners**

prisoners.

CAIRO (Agencies) — Iran is ited Nations and Iraq but not ready to release Egyptian soldiers taken prisoner during the Gulf war as soon as a private Egyptian delegation visits Tehran, an Ira-

man official said Tuesday. "We are ready to release the remaining Egyptian prisoners of war as a gift from our people to the Egyptian people," Moham-mad Ali Taskhiri, head of Iran's delegation to a meeting of Islamic foreign ministers in Cairo, told Renters

He said the prisoners would be released "as soon as a popular and scientific delegation visited Tehran."

He did not say who might make the trip or when it would take place but indicated the delegation would not include government officials. He said Tehran and Cairo had not been in direct contact over the issue.

Egyptian Foreign Ministry ources have estimated the number of prisoners at several thousand. Almost two million Egyptians worked in Iraq during the 1980-88 war with Iran.

Relations between Egypt and Iran worsened after Iran's 1979 revolution and Cairo's subsequent offer of sanctuary to the ousted Shah. They now have no

diplomatic links. Egypt previously said it would seek freedom for the prisoners through the Red Cross, the Un-

through direct talks. Iran, which had a ceasefire agreement with Iraq in 1988, released 16 Egyptian captives that year and another 20 last March. Egyptian officials said they had no exact figure for the remaining

Taskhiri said the release will take place during a forthcoming visit to Tehran by a team of Egyptian clerics and civic leaders. He gave no date.

The release may be the firststep towards normalisation of Cairo-Tehran relations. Iran severed diplomatic ties in 1979 after Egypt signed the 1978 treaty with On Western hostages in Leba-

non, Taskhiri hinted that Iran could be persuaded to help towards their release if the United States put pressure on Israel to free Arab and Iranian prisoners it

"For humanitarian reasons, Iran used its moral influence with some quarters in Lebanon to secure the release of some hos-tages," Taskhiri said.

But the United States has not exerted any pressures on Israel to free Arab and Iranian hostages it abducted in open daylight."

He did not say how many Arab and Iranian prisoners he wanted israel to release.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Policeman hurt in Cairo attack

CAIRO (R) - Unidentified men wielding knives or axes wounded an Egyptian policeman guarding the residence of Bahrain's ambassador to Cairo Tuesday, security sources said. The sources told Reuters they believed the attack in the suburb of Dokki was linked with the shooting of two policemen last Friday. "It's a deliberate challenge," said one source. Police detained at least 100 Muslim militants in a wide hunt for the gunmen who shot and wounded two police officers in the wealthy Cairo district of Maadi last week. Maadi is home to many foreigners, including the Israeli ambassador and members of the large American community. In the latest incident, the sources said the policeman was rushed to hospital with head injuries caused by an edged weapon. On July 19, Muslim fundamentalists killed two policemen in separate incidents in Upper Egypt.

Morocco raises foreign travel allowance

RABAT (R) - Morocco said Tuesday it would raise the foreign currency allowance for its citizens travelling abroad tenfold, to 1,000 dirhams (\$117) a year. Bankers said the announcement, effective from Wednesday, was part of a liberalisation of exchange controls that could lead to their eventual abolition. Moroccans of all ages who hold individual passports qualify for the new foreign currency travel limit, the government exchange control office said in a statement to banks. The Moroccan dirham is not convertible. It was devalued by about 10 by per cent last May.

Koilek suspends deputy over ad

TEL AVIV (AP) - Occupied Jerusalem's Israeli mayor, Teddy Kollek, suspended his left-wing deputy for signing an ad supporting reserve soldiers who refused to serve in the occupied territories. "I see the incident as ... a matter for harsh condemnation. There are few points deserving of national consensus that should be accepted by all of ns and one of these is army service," Kollek said in a letteer to his deputy, Ornan Yekutieli, published Tuesday in the daily Haaretz. The ad, published in Haaretz last week, "expressed respect for the courageous step" of four reserve soldiers who served jail sentences for refusing to serve in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. More than 100 reservists have served prison terms for refusing to serve in the occupied territories since the uprising against Israeli occupation began 31 months ago: Kollek's spokeswoman Bonnie Boxer confirmed the action by the mayor, a member of the centre-left Labour Party. She said Kollek suspended Yekutich Monday and "asked him to refrain from representing the municipality until there is further discussion of the

Cat Stevens accuses West of racism

CAIRO (R) - Former British pop star Cat Stevens, now converted to Islam under the name Yusuf Islam, lobbied Muslim foreign ministers on Tuesday to fight what he called Western persecution of Muslims. "We are here to remind Muslim states that Muslims in Britain and Europe are far from having an easy time... we are in a state of racism and persecution," he told Reuters. Islam, 42, flew to Cairo with a five-man team of British Muslims to rally support from the 45-member Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC), whose foreign ministers began meeting in the Egyptian capital Tuesday. "I call it religious racism... we need a bill of rights which protects religious minorities in Britain," said Islam. The former star said he has lost many rights since embracing Islam in 1977. "I'm a black man now since I became Muslim."

JORDAN TELEVISION

3. One year experience

	Programme revi	**
	Child	
	Children's programs	
.39	Local programi	R
:09	News in Aral	dic
:30	Arabic ser	ies
:99	News in Aral	Oid
	90 95 90 30 90	Educational programs

..... News in Hebrew News in Arabic Documentary: "Good Evening Jordan' News in English

PRAYER TIMES Dhuhr 12:42 19:38

CHURCHES
St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelflet Tel. 810740
Assemblies of God Church, To 632785.
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Te
637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757
Terrastusta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Assuspciation Te
623541. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Te
628543.
Armenian Catholic Church To 771331.
Armenian Orthodox Church Te 775261.
St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Assume International Church Te
685326. Evangelicai Lutheras Church Te
811295. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latte
Day Saints Tel. 815817, 654932.

WEATI

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		and seas calm.
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Deserts
Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30, Aqaba 36. Humidity readings: Amman 33 per cent, Aqaba 23 per cent.
USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS
. NIGHT DUTY
AMMAN: Dr. Mohammad Al Shawish 658878 Dr. Isaam Al Kayed 890405 Dr. Khaled 'Eida 657129 Dr. Abdul Aziz Abu Khalaf 62220 Firas Phrmacy 661912 Ferdows pharmacy 778336 Al Asema pharmacy 637055 Nairoukh pharmacy 636730 Yacoub pharmacy 636730 Yacoub pharmacy 637660

Dr. Abdul Majid Sababin

Civil D

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Civil Defence Immediate
Rescue 630341
Civil Defence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 891228
Bland Book
Blood Bank 775121
Highway Police 843402
Traffic Police 896390
Public Security Department 630321
Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints 661176
Water and Sewerage
Water and Sewerage Complaints
Amman Municipality
Complaints 787111
Telephone Information
(directory assistance) 121
Oversoas Calls 010230
Central Amman Telephone
Repairs 623101
Abdati Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television 773111
Radio Jordan
Company 636381
RJ Flight Information 08-53200
Queen Alia Inti. Airport 08-53200

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Civil Defence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 891228
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Radio Jordan
Company
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Pasen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200

HOSPITALS

EMERGENCIES

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Defence Immediate	
GUC 630341	Palestine, Shmeisani 664171
Defence Emergency 199	Shmeisani Hospital 6691.
Police 192, 621111, 637777	University Hospital 84584
rigade 891228	Al-Mnasher Hospital 667227
Bank 775121	The Islamic, Abdali 6661277
sy Police 843402	Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164
Police	Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101
Security Department 630321	Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 7751t1/2
Second Department 030321	Army, Marka 891611/
Complaints 605800	Queen Alia Hospital 602240/
Complaints 661176	
and Sewerage	Amal Hospital 6741
and Sewerage plaints	ZARQA:
n Municipality	Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)98333
n Municipality splaints 787111	Zarqa National Hospital (09)9910
one Information	Iba Sina Hospital (09)98673
ectory assistance) 121	IRBID:
285 Calls 010230	Princess Basma Hospital (02)27555
Amman Telephone	Greek Catholic Hospital (02)2722
airs 623101	Ibn Al Nafocs Hospital (02)24710
ans 023101	AOABA:
Telephone Repairs 661101	
Television 773111	Princess Haya Hospital (03)3141
Jordan 774111	
pany 636381	
nt Information 08-53200	FOR THE TRAVELLER
Alia Inti. Airport 08-53200	

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32

Khafidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

t1	Jabal Amman Maternity 642362
	Mathas, J. Amman 636140
41	Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/4
99	Shmeisani Hospital 669131
	University Hospital 845845
77	Al-Mussher Hospital 667227/9
28	The Islamic, Abdeli 666127/37
21	
02	Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164/6
90	Italian, Al-Mnhajreen 777101/3
21	Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 7751t1/26
00	Army, Marka 891611/15
76	Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
, •	Amal Hospital 674155
67	ZAROA:
G,	Zarga Govt. Hospital : (09)983323
	Zarqa National Hospital (09)991071
11	Iba Sina Hospital (09)986732
	IRRID:
21	
30	Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555
	Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275
01	Ibn Al Nafecs Hospital (02)247100
01	AQABA:
Ĭi	Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111
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QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-

ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

(Terminal 1) Jeddah (RJ) Dubai. Abu Dhabi (RJ) Doba, Bahrain (R.I) London (R.D Rephdad (R ... Paris (RJ) Madrid, Geneva (RI) Frankfurt (RI)

Royai Jordanian (RJ) Flights

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Beghdad (IA) Baghdad (add.) (IA) 16:40 Jeddah (SV) Benghazi (LN) Sana'a, Jeddah (IY) 13:15 Cairo (MS

.... Aqaba (RJ

Frankfort (LH) DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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12:20	Tanis, Casablanca (R
13:00	London	P
4:00	Baghdad	÷
17:15		5
20-40	Kuwrit (5
71-66	Riyadh (~
21.16	Name of the second	F.
11.10	New Delhi (K.
11:40	Cairo	ĸ.
41349	Abu Dhebi, Dubei (R.
ZZ:45	Cakutta, Bangkok	R
13:50	Bahrain, Doha	R.
		٠.

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Lamaca, Zurich (SR)

47.20	DOLLAL (W.E.
10:25	Rome (AZ
11:00	Baghdad (IA
11:45	······································
12-40	Jeddak (SV
14-60	Benghazi (LN
14-05	TA Designation
14-15	Cairo (MS
15-25	Jeddah, Sana'a (TY
12522	Kuwait (KU
1/130	····· Dubai (Fit
18255	Bahrain (TK
24:25	Sansa (LH

MARKET PRICES

700 / 600

abbage	130 / 90
armor	240 / 200
entiflower	750 1200
Om	190 / 104
orn	100 / 20
acumbers (eneal)	720-/ 140
explant (smail)	120 / 100
rapefruit rapes anon failow farrow (large)	730 / 030
repetroir	747 / 200
Target	340 / 280
Amon sections and sections	250 / 220
College	4407 400
Forest Onne	. 90 / 50 .
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Autrow (small) Daion (dry) Drange Dkre eacher Carper (hee)	200 / 180
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ALE	450 / 400
eacher	650 / 550
	650/500
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otato	280 / 220
adich	170 / 120 500 / 400
aps	500 / 400
west melon	180 / 140
Constocs	130.4 99

Universities in Jordan to AMMAN (J.T.) — The four universities will this accept students with a Table 1.

year accept a total of 10,395 students in various specialisations and colleges, up from 8,000 last year, according to an announcement by Minister of Education and Higher Education Moham-

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May.

"In view of the current economic difficulties which prevent parents from sending their children abroad for bigher education, and in a bid to help save hard currency for Jordan, the Council of Higher Education (CHE) has decided to increase the oumber of students at Jordanian oniversities," the minister said at a press conference.

In his statement the minister disclosed that the University of Jordan will accept 3,900 stu-dents, Yarmouk University 3,700, Mnta University 1,320 and the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) 845 stu-

The minister said that these four universities would also accept post graduate students for their masters and doctorate degrees at the rate of 1,712 at the University of Jordan, 415 at Yarmouk University, 100 at Muta nearly 2,000 students in the first and 115 at JUST.

"The four universities will accept students with a Tawjihi exams average of 85 and up at their medical and dental colleges, those with grade 80 at their vetermary, pharmacy and engineering departments and grade 65 at the rest of the colleges," the minister pointed out.

He said that this year the 57 community colleges in Jordan would accept students with the grade 50 at their Tawjihi examinations, but he did not mention the various specialisations that could be studied at these

The minister said that private universities would absorb an additional number of students. but the CHE would review their academic standards, decide on criteria by which they can accept students and would approve other administraive and academic arrangements.

One of the private universities. the Amman University College (AUC), is scheduled to open its doors by September this year. According to AUC officials. the main body of the students will be expatriates and could reach

Funds allocated for vocational training

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday sent a cable to the President of the Swiss Confederation Arnold Koller,

congratulating him on his country's national day. The King wished Presideot Koller continued good health and happiness and

AMMAN (Petra) — Ministry of Industry and Trade's Secretary-General Ibrahim Badran Tuesday left for Damascus on a several

day visit to Syria during which he will hold talks with Syrian officials on means of enhancing economic and trade relations

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Industry and Trade held a meeting Tuesday under the chairmanship of Secretary-General Ibrahim Badran to discuss a new investment-encouraging draft law. Participants at the meeting discussed the investment environment in Jordan. They decided to meet again within the coming

AMMAN (Petra) — The fast mail delivery service will be applied between Jordan and Syria as of Wednesday, according to Director-General of the Post Offices and Postal Savings Corpora-

tion Abdullah Al Jazi. He said the service would be applied at the beginning to mail sent from Amman to Damascus only and will

include mail sent from Damascus to Amman as soon as Syria

RAMTHA (Petra) — A new batch of People's Army recruits graduated Tuesday in Ramtha district. One of the graduates, all

students from the Jordan University of Science and Technology

(JUST), delivered a speech in which he stressed the important

role the People's Army plays. The graduation ceremony included demonstrations of skills by graduates. At the end of the celebration JUST president distributed awards to winners in

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

EXHIBITIONS

☆ Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zaru displaying paintings, scalptures and hand-painted fabries. Location: off 2nd Circle, opposite Resential (9:30-1:30 and 3:30-6:30).

☆ Exhibition of pointings by Iyad Al Masri at Yarmonk Uni-

* Exhibition of computers at the Royal Cultural Centre.

time and place with the concerned institutions.

Housing Bank Complex hall.

King congratulates Swiss president

the Swiss people further progress and prosperity.

Official heads for Damascus talks

Investment draft law discussed

two weeks to present proposals on the draft law.

starts applying the fast mail delivery service.

Batch of People's Army graduates

Fast mail service between Jordan and

AMMAN (J.T.) — In a bid to solve the problem of unemployment in Jordan the government mini trucks and other vehicles has allocated JD 360,000 for which are driven by non-Jordatraining unskilled workers to work as drivers and hotel staff with the ultimate objective of replacing non-Jordanians now working in the field.

According to an official statement Tuesday, Prime Minister Mudar Badran announced the government's decision to allocate JD 305,000 for developing a centre for training drivers - located at Al Hashemieh near Zarqa --and JD 55,000 to develop the Hotel Management Training Centre at Sahab near Amman.

The allocations were made in conformity with the government's policy of training Jordanians to take up various jobs and reduce the number of unemployed people in the country," the statement said...... Sec. ...

between the two countries.

Syria

competitions.

It said that the Hashemieb centre would train drivers for lorries, mini trucks and other vehicles mians at present.

"The funds will be used to purchase three lorries and spare parts for the existing seven trucks and four buses which are being used for training purposes," the statement added.

It said that the Hotel Management Training Centre at Sahah would train people to work in the tourism industry, especially in hotels, and to take the place of noo-Jordanians employed in this

Training at the centre takes between one and two years. Students are taught to prepare and serve food and drinks and hotel

Joh seekers in the country will be accepted for such training.

Government announces 17 names promised reinstatement

AMMAN (J.T.) — In an unprecedented move, the government Tuesday announced the names of 17 citizens who had been dismissed from public office for political reasons and said that arrangements would soon be made for their reinstatement.

A statement issued by the Civil Service Commission (CSC) which arrange for the appointment of civil servants said that the following employees will have their jobs back as a first batch of a long list of citizens who had lost their jobs on similar grounds: Nazih Hammad, Mobammad Habashneb Jihad Jaouni, Adib Al Sayyed, Fahmi Zoubi, Yousef Asfour, Najeh Badawi, Karim Al Oaisi, Abdul Jalil Barakat Al Rawashdeh, Taha Fitiani, Ghaleb Abul Adas, Tawfiq Rashed, Moham-

mad Imteirch, Ibrahim Alamat, Mashour Ali Jaradat, Abdul Ilah Al Ola and Abdul Malek Abul

The Ministry of Education, earlier this year, announced that more than 150 men and women teachers dismissed on political grounds had been reinstated in conformity with the government's directives

Prime Minister Mudar Badran had repeatedly pledged before Parliament that all those who had lost their jobs for political reasons would get them back pending arrangements on the part of the CSC and taking into account the government offices planning table which specifies the number of vacancies available in every

government department. The CSC also announced Tuesday that its staff was currently processing the names of 1,200 men and women teachers to be appointed at schools in the Kingdom. It said that oames would be published in the local press at the

beginning of the coming week. Lists of teachers, including those dismissed for political reasons, will be published in the press in the coming month, the

In another development, minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Ali Al Fagir said that 12 citizens will be appointed in the ministry's various departments immediately.

A ministry official said that 100 more citizens would be absorbed by the ministry's various depart-

Soleiman Arabiyat

Agriculture Suleiman Arabiyat Mobammad Ghabash Tuesday discussed ways for promoting bilateral cooperation in agricultural fields and the production of seeds and vaccines and training of personnel iovolved in the farming

An official statement at the end marketing fields.

exchanged.

The committees will also deal with the exchange of vaccines and veterinary medicines and study ways for benefitting from each

Syrian side had offered to train three Jordanians oo annual basis in veterinary field, vaccinating

42 teachers complete music training course

AMMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Social Development Abdul Majid Shraideh Sunday presented certificates to 42 teachers who have completed a two-week training course in music, organised by the Noor AI Hussein Foundation's National Music Conservatory (NMC). The participants were from the Ministry of Edocatioo and the private schools, in addition to teachers from the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA)

Attending the courses were also three teachers from the United Arab Emirates, Libya and

Saudi Arabia. On Sunday, the NMC will host the third music camp, which aims at teaching children aged 4-15 years how to read musical notes and to distinguish between the various tones.

The NMC was established in 1986 as a non-profit institution offering a comprehensive music curriculum.

The conservatory aims at developing students' capacities for musical expression, establishing orchestras, bands and other performing groups, preparing and training school teachers in the fields of music, conducting research studies in the field of music education and organising and sponsoring concerts, recitals, workshops, masterclass and lec-

Jordan Times Tel: 667171



DISABLED ATKLETES HONOURED: Her Majesty Queen Noor received at Al Nadwa Palace the Jordanian team of children who took part in the European summer special Olympics for the mentally handicapped last week and congratulated them on their outstanding achivement. The Jordanian team, of 15 members, included mentally handicapped athletes who won a total of 17 medals: seven gold, four silver and six bronze. Queen Noor, along with Prince Raad Ben

Zeid, Prince Zeid Ben Raad, three coaches and one official accompanied the team to the games held in Scotland July 21-27. The team members competed in track and field events and in basketball games, with the Queen attending several of the competitions. At the reception, at Al Nadwa Palace, the Queen commended the players on their performance and paid tribute to their coaches' efforts. Present at the reception were the

Jordan, Syria to cooperate in veterinary, agricultural fields AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of animals and fruit tree pruning.

the Jordanian-Syrian Higher

Joint Committee in its last ses-

The bigher committee is ex-

pected to convene again, this

time in Damascus, under the co-

chairmanship of the prime minis-

ters of Syria and Jordan. The

Jordanian delegation to the com-

mittee meeting is expected to travel to Damascus in the first

week of the coming moth.

The two sides agreed to hold and his Syrian counterpart another meeting in Damascus in the coming month when a working paper on investment in agricultural fields will be discussed by According to the statement, the meetings took place in implementation of resolutions taken by

Ghabasb, who along with ministers of agriculture from other Arah couotries had attended the Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development (AOAD) meetings in Amman, also agreed with Arabiyat on a oumber of points designed to stimulate trade exchanges between Syria and Jordan.

of the meeting said that they had reviewed working papers and decided to set up committees to conduct studies on increasing the exchange of information about marketing crops and coordinating the two countries' efforts in

The statement said that the two sides would request the Jordan Agricultural Marketiog and Processing Company (JAMPCO) and the Syrian state establishment for vegetables and fruits to promote such exchanges and increase the volume of products

The two sides also agreed to hold meetings of representatives of ministries of agricultre in Jordan and Syria to work out a programme for exporting seeds,

other's experience.

The statement said that the

Decades

Banking Experience

Six



try of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs met bere Tuesday with the ministry's Secretary-General Ahmad Hilayel and presented him with requests about their jobs and aired their complaints about various issues.

Hilayel eautioned the preachers against giving lengthy sermons at Friday's prayers in stick to topics of concern to the

matters that tend to belp cement cohesion within the Jordanian

"Jordan, along with the Arab countries, is now facing challenges and criminal conspiracies posed to them and to their boly places and the Palestinian land is confronting waves of new Jewish

inspected the Department of

said Hilayel,

cooperation among Muslims.

especially in view of these diffi-

cult times so that the Arab Nation

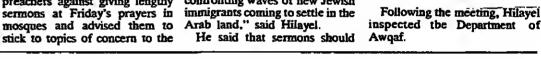
can thwart Israel's conspiracies.

and oot a mere occupation like

others, and it is beavy responsi-

bility before God and the public,"

"Preaching is a sacred missioo



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NASSA! PRICE OF STREET

By Dr. Abdalla Malki

Jordan Times

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Paper tiger or creative force?

FOREIGN ministers of the Islamic countries are holding their Cairo conference in the middle of some crises not only with other countries of the world but also among the Islamic countries themselves. Everywhere one looks, one discerns Islamic countries at loggerheads over policy orientations and national objectives. One can comprehend conflicts between the Islamic World and the other nations of the world, but one cannot sympathise with conflicts some of which are bloody between Muslim nations. The Organisation of Islamic Conference has vet to make a difference in the policies and objectives of the various Islamic states. Thus the biggest challenge facing the Cairo conference is to succeed in making an impact on inter-Islamic relations. This is indeed a tall order since Islamic countries have varied, if not conflicting, national interests which are difficult to reconcile. Divisions among them are indeed deep on many important regional and international issues, and what glues them together is, so far, mostly form not substance. And as usual the conferees end up discussing every subject under the sun but make no lasting imprint on their resolution. What is called for therefore is a bona fide effort to unite the Islamic purposes and forge genuinely common aspirations and objectives. The case of Palestine, which is one of many, could be a test case for gauging the sincerity of the Islamic World to come to the rescue of the Palestinian people in the most effective manner. Such a demonstration of solidarity will go a long way to erase the suspicion that the Organisation of Islamic Conference is nothing but a paper tiger incapable of living up to its ideals and principles.



ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

Jordanian Arabie dailies Tuesday discussed the meeting opening in Jeddah under Saudi Arabian sponsorship to defuse tension between Iraq and Kuwait and end their oil and territorial

Al Ra'i daily said that the Arab people are looking with hope to this meeting because they are concerned about the situation in the Gulf and expecting favourable results. Only good intentions and goodwill can open the door for reconciliation among brothers and pave the way for a lasting solution, said the paper. Oil, the paper added, is a wealth given as by God to help us build and achieve prosperity for our people and to achieve development, not to be used as a tool with which we carry out self-destruction. It is rather unreasonable to see any A. ... untry taking unilateral decisions which could be detrimental to the Arab Nation or neighbouring states at a time when the enemies of the Arab Nation are hatching plots against the Arabs, and when the world is witnessing the emergence of economic groupings to safeguard their collective interests, the paper pointed out. For this reason said the paper the Arab people are hopeful that the mediation of their leaders in this dispute will achieve total success.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily praises the work of the National Jordanian Society for Combating Environmental Pollution, and says that its efforts are bound to help the Jordanian people to live in a safer atmosphere. But the writer expresses concern over reports quoting specialists that the underground, water resources in Jordan are facing increasing danger as a result of the implementation of government and private sector projects. Tareq Masarweh says that schemes like the treatment of waste water set up on plots of land allowing the waste to seep deep down into the aquifers, and the excessive use of pesticides are only examples of such projects that cause harm to the underground water resources. The writer says that concerned government departments should not allow projects such as the manufacture of poisonous chemical substances, and should not allow farmers in the Jordan Valley to use poisonous pesticides unless these operations are conducted under strict government control to prevent pollution that affects the underground water. The writer says Jordan has meagre water resources which must be preserved and protected, and this can be done through the specialised societies and the concerned authorities to safeguard our future.

Al Dustour said that Knwait and Iraq are bound to reach a peaceful settlement following the intensive Arab mediation efforts. The meeting in Jeddah is by itself a success for such mediation in which King Hussein played a key role over the past few days. Success of the mediation efforts, and the eventual success of the Jeddah meeting means a defeat for the enemies of the Arabs, and the hostile foreign powers which had tried to tamper with the Arab Gulf security, the paper noted. The meeting in Jeddah displays the two sides' determination to end their differences, and is a clear sign that diplomacy can succeed should each side manifest the goodwill to reach a final settlement, said the paper. The Arab people it added look to this meeting in Jeddah as a success for Arab diplomacy and a luminous light on the road towards bolstering Arab solidarity.

Economic Forum

Tale of an economy and a crisis

In a outshell, what the Jordanian economy faced in 1988 was an imbalance in our external sector. This imbalance was redressed by the wrong medication which triggered an unprecedented economic crisis. All that we have been doing ever since, aimed at remedying the catastrophic effects of that fatal mistake.

For a variety of reasons, the pattern of our foreign exchange receipts started to change in the few years preceding 1988. The result was a gradual decline io Jordan's foreign exchange reserves. According to plain economic wisdom, a parallel change should have been introduced into the pattern of our foreign exchange outlays as this was the only, and natural, way to maintain the balance in our external sector. Foreign exchange reserves are the accumulated net surpluses of the balance of payments of a nation. They summarise in a very neat and telling form the performance of the external sector of the economy. Because the pattern of our exchange ontlays was not changed as to match that of our revenues, our (official) foreign exchange reserves started to be depleted. The imbalance persisted until it wiped out the totality of the official holdings of foreign currencies.

At this point, early 1988 or a little bit earlier, the economic policy should have stepped in to effect the needed change in how we spend our foreign exchange revenues. Foreign currencies accruing to any country are used to (a) import goods and services, (b) make investments abroad, (c) lend fore

igners (i.e. non-residents in the jargon of an economist), (d) amortise external loans, (e) repatriate foreign investments m the country and (f) to give aid. With the exception of repaying external loans, importation of goods and services is the only relevant usage in the case of Jordan. It is here that the economic policy should have taken action; imports of goods and services must have been curtailed. That would have guaranteed directly, percisely and safely the effecting of the necessary change. Instead, the economic policy chose to devalue the Jordanian dinar as a means of affecting indirectly the pattern of foreign exchange revennes (through higher exports) and outlays (through lower imports). It was implicitly assumed that the desired effects would be achieved

ternal exile and house arrest. The

more careful kept their heads

down at non-controversial jobs,

deploring the situation in private

intellectual hierarchy. Overnight,

dissidents became heroes and

Ceausescu supporters became the

Most dissidents initially sup-

ported the front. Plesu became

culture minister in the interim

government and writer Dan Pet-

rescu his deputy, but Dinescu and

poet Ana Blandiana refused gov-

Blandiana and Doina Cornea,

a former professor of French who

was Romania's best-known dissi-

dent, left the front in late January,

accusing it of perpetuating tota-

litarian practices and breaking a

promise to stay out of the elec-

Kleininger, the mathematician,

predicted the greatest conflict in

the next two years would be

between reformers and the

He said the communist infras-

tructure will die only if the new

government renounces its

monopoly on power and promotes

a real multiparty system and pri-

"The important thing for us is

to bring to the consciousness of

men that freedom and initiative

under harder conditions are more

important than this feeling of

never knew what it meant to be

"Like lions in the zoo, we

security," Kleininger said.

vate enterprise.

The revolution transformed the

but keeping silent in public.

automatically through price mechanism, i.e. the mere decrease in the prices of exportables and increase in those of importables consequent on currency devaluation.

Devaluation backfired. It enticed capital flight: capital already in Jordan made its way, whenever possible, to deposits abroad. Dinars hoarded or circulated in the West Bank and Gaza Strip were converted into dollars. These used to constitute an interest-free permanent loan which consequently fell due (to the tune of several hundred million dollars). Most tragically, remittances of Jordanians working abroad started to dry up. The imbalance in our external sector got worse, the dinar started to slide down fast, confidence in it, and through it, in the economy collapsed. Jordan

the grip of a deep vicious economic crisis, and the IMF was summoned. The basic job of the IMF and the correction programme was to redress that imbalance which was, unnecessarily, made unmanageable by that wrong medication, i.e. devaluation. That is why debt rescheduling has been the main instrument of that programme. But rescheduling merely postpones payments and does not cancel them. If imports of goods and services are not trimmed as to conform to the pattern of the "own" foreign exchange receipts of a country, the current correction programme will be replaced by another, "correction programming" will be perpetuated, and the presence of IMF will become perpetual as well, as is

found itself very suddenly in

The governor of the Central Bank of Jordan, Dr. M.S. Nabulsi, has had the independence of thought and insight which enabled him to see these facts and to realise that "confidence" at large, but "confidence" in the national currency in particular was the key word. He started precisely there when he took over in 1989. Without going into details, he managed to have the funds which he said he would use to "stabilise" the dinar. He was met with extreme scepticism. However, he had not to use these funds because he took himself and most others took him seriously enough as to make that use unnecessary. That was the point where the collapse of confidence was halted and the rebuilding of confidence started until we reached where we are right

Democracy is slowpaced in Romania

By Edith M. Lederer The Associated Press

BUCHAREST, Romania -Andrei Plesu, philosopher and art historian, was a dissident outcast under the old regime. Now he is culture minister, with a spacious office and the freedom to talk about democracy and re-

Since Communist dictator Nicolae Ceausescu was deposed and executed in December, intellectuals like Plesu have become the conscience of Romania, wooed by political parties and foreign governments.

They are divided on whether to support president Ion Iliescu's government, but united in believing there will be no return to communism in this nation of 23 million, which suffered the most violence in the breakup of the Soviet bloc.

"Tomorrow, if the government says all private institutions will be abolished, there would be a second revolution," Plesu said in an interview. "That's what makes me optimistic about the future despite all the problems, all the difficulties that we are going to

Many intellectuals worry about a government that, although freely elected, has resorted to some of its disgraced predecessor's tactics. Although the Communist Party is dead, they say, its structure remains.

In June, Iliescu called loyal miners to Bucharest to stop antigovernment demonstratioos. They beat protesters, hunted in-tellectuals and ransacked the offices of critical publications in the worst violence since the re-

Nonetheless, Plesu and others are convinced things have changed as the government takes its first steps toward a market economy. They see a difficult road to real democracy, however.

Intellectuals were leaders in the struggle against Ceausescu. It was Poet Mircea Dinescu, now chairman of the influential Writers Union, who announced Ceausescu's ouster on the state

Then came the landslide election victory May 20 of Iliescu, a former alternate member of the Communist Party Politburo, and the National Salvation Front, a loose gronping of workers, peasants, intellectuals and technocrats that took power during the revolution.

Many Romanians feel the front is controlled by communists. Intellectuals who feel Iliescu's triumph bodes ill for freedom blame other intellectuals who did not speak out strongly for democracy after the revolution.

It was Romania's first free election in 44 years, and writer Stehan Tanase now wishes the group for social dialogue, an organisa-tion of dissident intellectuals, had gone on television for a few minutes each week to explain the basics of democracy and multiparty politics.

"Who knows?" he said. "It's too late to have regrets." Tanase 'edits an anti-communist weekly called 22, which the miners tried

to shut.
"Who knows?" he said. "It's

repeating material rewards decalled 22, which the miners tried nied those who resisted. Plesu and others suffered into shut.

outcasts.

ernment posts.

The political campaign was marred by allegations of fraud and intimidation that forced many of the more than 50 parties to curtail electioneering.

Iliescu's victory was not questioned, but foreign observers said his 85 per cent landslide showed pluralistic democracy had not taken root.

Plesu, Tanase and Dinescu belong to the group for social dialogue, which was formed after the revolution and generally opposes the National Salvation Two months ago, the Tomor-

row Society was established to support the front. Its prominent members include literary critic Eugen Simon and authors Marin Sorescu and Augustin Bazura.

Romalus Vulpescu, a writer and theatre director elected as an independent legislator oo the front list, said: "I believe the front is sincere and that it will truly seek to recreate the 1923 constitution, which was one of the most liberal in the world."

Alexandra Cornelescu, head of the Eoglish department at Bucharest University, is a staunch front supporter but concedes that violence "harms intellectuals' faith in the government."

Tanase said: "it's a long way to democracy and to a free Roma-nia. It's very difficult, after a half century, to change in so short a time people's mentality. The people voted for continuity. They were under stress, frightened by possible changes.
"Democracy. That means risk,

liberty, the possibility to lose or to win. The people don't want to take this chance. ... They're all frightened to lose their jobs."

In Plesu's view, communism has spawned a bureaucracy and mentality "that likes privilege or power, and which has no knowledge of Marxist thinking."

He said the bureaucrats "are opportunists," and change will take years "because there are millions of them."

A press that consists of 1,200 publications, most of them antigovernment, doesn't help foster democracy because "they are incredibly primitive, attacking without a point of view," Plescu said. "They transform the liberty to say truth into liberty to say

Thomas Kleininger, a mathematician who is vice president of the group for social dialogue, said Romania has no history of united opposition. "We are beginning from zero," he said. "We have no tradition in

fighting against communism." Romania had no counterpart to dissident playwright Vaclay Havel, now president of Czechoslovakia, or magazine Editor Tadeusz Mazowiecki, who became Poland's prime minster. In part, that is because Ceausescu

cleverly manipulated the intellec-

tuals, dividing them and silencing

critical voices. Intellectuals always were divided and isolated from much of society. most sided with the monarchy or fascist leaders before World War II, and with too late to have regrets." Tanase communist dictators afterward.

> **Jordan Times** Tel: 667171

Algeria gearing up for a confrontation between democrats, fundamentalists

By Philip Shehadi

ALGIERS — Algeria's democrats have six months to avert a Muslim fundamentalist victory in early parliamentary elections set for the first quarter of 1991.

President Chadli Benjedid on Sunday ended weeks of speculation by announcing elections a year ahead of schedule. If held omorrow, they would probably bring a Muslim fundamentalist government to power for the first me in the Arab World.

The move culminates a march oward multi-party democracy aunched by Chadli after October 988 youth riots and accelerated by the sweeping upset victory in local elections last month of the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS).

By calling early elections, Chadli has headed off FIS pressure for prompt dissolution of the composed of delegates from the ruling National Liberation Front (FNL). national assembly, now entirely

But he has also put the squeeze on the FLN and a host of secular. leftist and moderate religious parties that must now quickly

guarantee that Algeria will have beadway toward a promised rereally free elections for once in its juvination of the party tainted by history," revolutionary war hero charges of corruption and mis- of the constitution and has de-Hocine Ait Ahmad told Reuters management.

ear. Since the June poll, Chadli has
The FFS is at loggerheads with distanced himself from both the (28 per cent) and independents appears to be one of accommoda-(12 per cent).

joining forces themselves. ____

rian radio on Monday, "we renew Kaddour Lahouel our appeal to the FFS. We are Lahouel hit the headlines ear-

hailed the president's decision cent of Algerian municipalities, forward. "We will have lost a with FIS councils. complete year. It would be better

Ait Ahmad heads the Socialist Chadli, may have tried to gain Forces Front (FHS), probably the maximum time for the non-funstrongest secular opposition par- damentalist parties by declaring ty, which boycotted the June poll elections now - rather than later but is almost certain to run next under growing FIS pressure.

another secular, centre-left party, government - in which he gave Rally for Culture and Democracy up his post as defence minister in (RCD), which came in fourth in a reshuffle last Wednesday - and the June elections after the FIS the FLN which he presides. (54 per cent of the vote), the FLN His strategy toward the FIS

12 per cent). tion rather than confrontation.

The RCD and the FFS have In a sweeping reshuffle of the

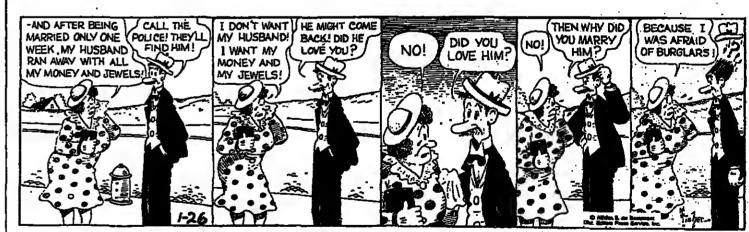
organised separate pro-democra- entire corps of 48 provincial govcy fronts but they appear far from ernors announced on Sunday, he dismissed several known for their RCD officials Arezki Ait Arbi anti-fundamentalist views includblamed the FFS and told Alge- ing a son in law, Tipaza Governor

ready for a meeting of leaders of lies this month by annulling a ban the two parties at any time." on the wearing of shorts by the newly elected fundamentalist FIS president Abbasi Madani mayor of Tipaza town. In 55 per but said the poll should be moved the governors have to co-habit

to have elections in the last quar- But the creation of an indepenfilled by former Chief of Staff Major General Khaled Nezzar More than ever a union of Still reeling from its electoral could also be a signal to the democrats is essential. An defeat after 28 years of one-party fundamentalists to think twice opposition democratic front will rule, the FLN has made little about challenging existing laws.

> The army sees itself as keeper nounced any bid to subvert it A Western diplomat said even through democratic means.

Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp



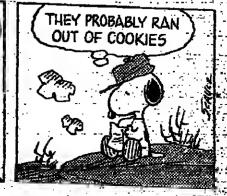




Peanuts







By G.G. Labelle Toc Associated Press

SHABURA REFUGEE CAMP, Occupied Gaza Strip.

— Subhi Abu Dahi proudly displays his trophics: The scarsof four gunthot wounds from encounters with Israeli soldiers in nearly 32 months of the

Palestinian uprising.
A 7-year-old sister, Luin sits in a wheelchair, eyes dull and bead tilted against a brace. She has been paralysed, unable to speak, since a soldier fired a rubber-coated steel ball 18 months ago that struck her in the head

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Their father and an older brother were killed by Israeli forces over the years and a 14-year-old brother shot in

Subhi is tall and muscular with big, broad hands, and looks like a high school basketball player, but life has left him little time for sports.

In the dusty, garbage-strewn streets of Shabura, young men his age are more likely to throw stones at Israeli soldiers than shoot balls through hoops. The soldiers often respond with bullets, and Subhi has his scars to show.

The toll on his family has been dreadful even by the standards of Shabura, where nearly every home has a tale of suffering from a generation of Israeli occupation.

About 25,000 Palestinian refugees are convided into the small concrete-block houses. Residents say 37 people in Shabura have died in clashes with the Israeli army since the uprising began in December

Shabura is part of the town of Rafah, on the Egyptian border. Palestinian flags, outlawed by Israel, fly throughout the camp and slogans written on walls declare hatred and anger for the Israeli presence in the Gaza Strip and West Bank, which Israel captured from Egypt and Jordan in

"Stopping the intifada is like killing the Palestinian people," reads one slogan; using the Arabic word for the nprising. An extended Abu Dahi family of 29 people lives in eight small rooms under a corrugated tin roof. Similar spread-out shacks are close by, separated by sandy paths dised for dumping garbage and dis-

Cousins and brothers in the Abu Dahi bousehold told the family's story in the heat of a July afternoon, They cursed the soldiers, accusing them of firing needlessly, and said the family would continue fighting

Israeli occupation. "If things don't change, the uprising will go on, with rocks, firebombs and killing collabor-ators," Subhi said. "Perhaps there will be weapons. Some people have guns. We have

seen collaborators killed with shots. His mother, Kamilya, said of the Israelis: "When they leave,

the uprising will end. If they stay forever, we fight forever." Kamilya is 40 and has borne nine children. She said her first husband, Subhi's father, was killed as a guerrilla leader in 1970. Her oldest son, Osama, was shot to death when he attacked an Israeli border guard with a knife in October

The paralysed child, Lulu, is from her second marriage. In Mushim fashion, Kamilya married the brother of her slain

Luhi was shot when she ran outside during a riot in Febraary last year, Kamilya said. At the time, the army said Lulu was wounded in a stonethrowing riot. Military officials have accused Palestinians of putting youngsters in the front of protests because wounded children are bad publicity for

Kamilya said Lulu "saw a boy she knew being arrested. She grabbed at him, trying to tng him away from the soldiers. One soldier opened

She looked at the girl's frail, twisted body and said: "We sacrificed too much."

Her giance moved to Subhi the oldest surviving son, scarred by bullets on the face, one arm and both ankles. "People here call him the

suspended 'shaheed,' she said. Shaheed, Arabic for martyr, describes the Palestinian dead of the uprising.
"That's why I am afraid,"
she said. "That's why he got

married so young. Now he has to support his family. He shouldn't do anything illegal." Subhi's wife, Hanan, also 19, blushed when Subhi was

asked if he was ready to give up revolution for a job and children. "I am studying the situa-tion," he said. "I will manage

to combine work, everything. Three days earlier, Subhi was freed after 180 days in Gaza central prison, his third jailing of the uprising. He was convicted of "offering services to an illegal organisation," the mainstream Fateb guerrilla faction led by PLO Chairman

Yasser Arafat. According to Subhi, the services were "distributing leaflets, writing graffiti, carrying

He has worked as a welder and house painter, but said it would be difficult to find jobs in the economic shambles of Gaza. He is not allowed to work in Israel because of his iail record.

Two men who have jobs in Israel support the Abu Dahi clan. One is a construction worker, the other a pizza cook. The family also gets U.N. food aid and, Subhi said, a PLO "stipend" for the members killed or wounded in the aprising.

Subhi's grandfather, Ahmed, complained that, like many Palestinians, his family had become used to living on handouts since fleeing their village of Qubeiba near Ramle when Israel was founded 42

"In Qubeiba, there were rich and poor," he said. "Now we are all beggars." Ahmed, 65, wears the white

knit can of a religious Muslim and is known as Sheikh Ahmed for his role as a mosque prayer

He said the family fled Qubeiba on May 23, 1948, then joined thousands of other Palestinians in moving from place to place for months to escape the Israeli army. They reached the Gaza Strip in early

Why did the family leave

"There were clashes all around and we were afraid after Deir Yassin," he said, referring to a Palestinian village where Jewish irregulars massacred more than 200 men. women and children in April

Israeli historian Benny Morris wrote that Israeli soldiers captured Qubeiba and drove out the remaining inhabitants on May 27, 1948, four days after the Abu Dahis fled. The army demolished most of the houses and Jewish immigrants took over what remained.

"I think my house was destroyed," said Ahmed Abu Dahi.

From a cupboard, a grandson pulled a deed issued to Ahmed's father in 1930, when Britain ruled Palestine. It described the house as made of stone, built in 1910 and having a common wall with another family's home.

"They live next to us here," too," Ahmed said.

Mubarak opens OIC talks

(Continued from page 1)

Mubarak did not identify the assaults on Islam, but he was apparently referring to the sever-al rifts within the Muslim community as well as the political challenge posed by militant Muslims to several member-states.

Egypt is playing host to an OIC gathering at ministerial level for the first time since its readmission to the Arab mainstream. It had long been ostracised for its 1979. treaty with Israel.

The OIC meeting is expected to focus on traditional preoccupations of the Muslim world, from Soviet Jewish emigration to Israel to the Indo-Pakistan dispute over

Kashmir. One-topic calls for joint action to combat blasphemy - a reference to British author Salman Rushdie's novel "The Satanic Verses," a book that is considered by many Muslims to repre-

Application of the second seco

sent an attack on the Prophet

Mohammad. A delegation of British Muslims led by Yusuf Islam, a singer formerly known as Cat Stevens, has arrived in Cairo to lobby for OfC support against what they said was Britain's religious and racial bigotry against the coun-

try's Muslim community. Syria has submitted eight draft resolutions, one of which calls for formation of an Islamic front to confront Israel.

Delegates said Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's Political Department, was likely to reiterate calls for an international peace conference to settle the future of the Israeli-occupied ter-

They told Reuters they also expected Arab delegates to hold behind-the-scenes talks on ways. of ending the civil war in Lebanon.

Family of the uprising | Products of suffering, CLASS fighting a faceless enemy

By Miriam Jordan Reuter

JERUSALEM - Faceless Israeli soldiers tote rifles, Arab women weep over the dead and a Palestinian flag flutters overhead in a drawing by a six-year-old

These are images drawn by children growing up in the intifada, the 31-month-old Palestinian uprising against Israeli occupation of the West Bank and Gaza

Strip.

The children always put conforefront. frontation in the forefront. Stores, buildings and schools are mere background," said Cairo Arafat, a psychologist who analy-ses drawings by children in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and

Gaza Strip.

Suffering has changed their values. Children's idols are now masked stone-throwers, not movie stars or famous athletes. Their drawings reflect the world as a place where stern

Israeli soldiers fire at stone-Arafat, who works at the East Jerusalem Early Childhood Resource Centre, provided children's drawings for an Israel museum exhibition called "Chil-

dren's visions of war and peace."

More than 200 drawings and

By J.W. Wright

Special to the Jordan Times

Amman - The year 1990

marks the fifteenth anniversary

paintings by children from strife-

children's wing of the museum.

Palestinian children had difficulty imagining a soldier had a family life or a conscience, Arafat

"Not knowing the soldiers as people or individuals is what led them to leave them faceless. That's why in drawings the gun is salient, not personal features.

The children perceive soldiers

as killing machines," she said. "When we asked the kids what the soldiers did when they went home, they said they eleaned their rifles. The kids never associated family with them.' Though their drawings are fil-

led with symbols of violence,

Palestinian children - like those in South Africa, Lebanon and Cambodia - have grown resilient to the conflict around them. Arafat said that in the early days of the intifada, children trembled, cried and ran to an adult when they heard gunshots.

"Now kids will be playing and hear shooting but not respond. One kid might prick up her ears and ask if tear gas will come inside but that's it," she said.

A study of Palestinian children soon to be released also indicated they had high self-esteem and normal aspirations for the future despite living in an atmosphere of

torn parts of the world - includ-

ing Israel - were displayed in the "Maybe two per cent said they wantd to be in armed struggle. Most wanted to be tradesmen, teachers, nurses and doctors,

> But Rana Nashashibi, another psychologist, said Palestinian children would suffer trauma from the revolt in the long term.

"The intifada has caused a state of perpetual unrest where normal socialising and play are

impossible," she said.

In the West Bank town of Ramallah, children aged eight to 13 played Israelis and Arabs. The little Palestinian activists threw pebbles at soldiers who chased them with sticks, shouting in Arabic and Hebrew.

Eyad El-Sarrej, a psychiatrist in the Gaza Strip where the uprising erupted in December 1987, said nightmares, bed-wetting and phobia were common in the early

A study done shortly after the ontbreak showed 28 per cent of Gaza children suffered from a high level of anxiety. Six months later the figure had dropped to 13 per cent, Sarrej said.

At the start, parents tried to keep their children indoors but the momentum of the revolt drew many youngaters into the streets to confront Israeli authority.

thority of teachers was also affected," Sarrej told Reuters. During school examinations

thority started to erode. The au-

THE PINCERSON, CT JORDAN

this month, many students stole tests from teachers and cheated or shouted out answers while taking them. Teachers said efforts to stop them were fruit-

"Before the intifada parents set the example. The children's idols were movie stars. Now their idols are masked activists," said Sar-

'Children who probably would never have gone out the door without permission are now calling their parents cowards." But their participation in the nationalist struggle bas some-

times cost them their lives. B'tselem, an Israeli group that monitors buman rights in the occupied territories, said Israeli security forces had killed 157

children in the uprising. Some inadvertently walked into a riot. Palestinian children who previously had little of any contact with Israelis now regard soldiers and israelis as one and the same

When a Palestinian journalist took his four-year-old boy to predominantly Jewish West Jerusalem for the first time, he asked: "If they're Israelis, wby aren't "It was then that parents' an- they carrying guns?



The revolution of Polestinian children will change their future in

Are the needs of Arab students of English being addressed?

of the Association of Arab Universities (AAU) adoption of a Pan-Arab English as a Second Language (ESL) curriment plans. English was seen cula used by many of the reas a necessary tool for econogions universities. Since the mic advancement. The AAU development of this plan, the was charged with the developuse of English has increased ing a curricula consistent with dramatically throughout the these long-range plans. This Arab world, as has the number came to fruition at the 1976 of schools and language cenconference, where an ambitres offering English language tious plan including a minitraining. Experts estimate that mum of four years of English the number of ESL schools has course work was adopted. grown by nearly 1100 per cent What has bothered many over the last decade. The ques-

people about the plan is its tion today, however, is slant toward the academic. The whether or not the AAU's plan AAU plan is geared to prepare has effectively helped students students wishing to pursue graduate degrees in English Many educational planners and American literature. In believe that it has not, and doing so, students in business, have become increasingly criscientific and professional programmes often do not get the tical of the curricula used by The driving force behind the conduct business in their fields. 1976 AAU conference was the This has been a major comfact that many Arah govern-ments had included ESL trainplaint of international companies with offices in the Middie East. As early as 1978 ing in their long range develop-

many professors, including University of Jordan Linguist Dr. Sajavaara, warned that most foreign language learners find that their skill is negligible and utterly insignificant when they are forced to communicate in the foreign language."

Research seems to have proved these criticisms correct. Several studies have identified wide differences between the ability of students with advanced English training at Arab universities to pass the standardised tests suggested by the AAU; and their ability to speak the language on a professional basis. Knwait University students, for example, but scored poorly on tests given by the university's department of commerce. Similar results were found in two different tests written by Jordanian

students. Saudi military students consistently passed English tests based on literary vocabulary, but consistently failed tests of military language skills given by the U.S. De-partment of Defense Language Institute. If educational planners have

forgotten the vocational value

of English training, college students have not. Other studies conducted since the 1976 AAU ESL plan was adopted, (which is still used at the majority of Arah universities) have pinpointed job placement as the biggest concern of college students taking English classes. Most students see business and professional English training as lucrative and high status jobs with international companies.

Another University of Jordan study found that 70 per cent of students pursuing

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graduate degrees felt that a knowledge of scientific English was necessary to secure research and academic positions. University of Jordan seniors also indicated by a 60 per cent margin that proficiency in business English was more instrumental in finding jobs than was a knowledge of technical Arabic. An earlier study of 4804 Jordanian students also concluded that English training was seen as a vehicle for job

mobility. Arab students outside the Kingdom support these comments from Jordanian stndents. Saudi students felt that English was vital in securing jobs with the government or in students at Bethlahem University stated that the most valuable part of ESL training is its employability. University of Kuwait statistics agree.

flect current trends in the Arab business arena. A 1982 study found that 79 per cent all international companies who conduct business in Arab countries conduct negotiations in English. An economic education institute study notes that American companies conduct more business with Arab organisations that is done between the U.S. and Africa, Canada, the Soviet Union, or with the countries in Eastern Europe. As such, the lack of bi-lingual employees has provided great opportunities for students well trained in business and professional English.

These opinions generally re-

The authors of these studies also remind us that 90 per cent of Arab university students go directly into the work force after graduation, and only 10 per cent go on to graduate school programmes in the United States or Europe. Most agree that at least a partial reconstruction of the ESL curricula used in Arah schools should be made. These new plans must keep in mind the economic as well as he academic goals of English training.

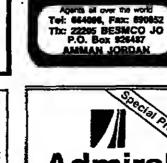
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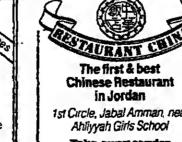
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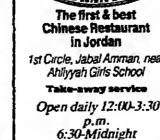
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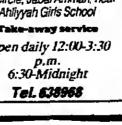
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U.S. fading fast at Goodwill Games

SEATTLE, Washington (Agencies) — The United States' slide at the Goodwill Games is picking

A day after losing the basketball gold medal to Yugoslavia. the United States was pounded by the Soviets in hockey and mngged by the Cubans in base-

Only boxer Sergio Reyes' upset of Cuban World Champion Enrique Carrion and two gold medals by synchronised swimmers kept things from getting totally ugly for the Americans.

The 119-pound (54-kilogramme) Reyes carried the fight to Carrion from the opening punch and scored a 3-2 decision, handing Carrion his first defeat in more than a year.

The synchro swimming gold medals were the only ones awarded Monday, and they went to the United States' Kristin Babb in solo, the Josephson twins

But that failed to cushion the hlows administered by Cuba's bats and the Soviets' sticks.

Cuba, which settled for a 16-2 win, also took a shot at the spirit of the games, executing a sacrifice bunt with a 10-0 lead. fresh pitching," he said through an interpreter. "We wanted to The U.S. hockey team fell 10-1

Basebali

international 10-run lead rule.

player in the world, had four

doubles and a single, knocked in

Lonrdes Gourriel also had

three hits and three runs in just

four innings for the Cubans and

Hector Mesa drove in four runs.

The Cubans settled it early with

seven runs in the second inning,

three in the third and four in the

Cuba manager Servio Borges

denied his team tried to run up

"All we were trying to do was play the least amount of innings

as possible so we could be in the

gold-medal game tomorrow with

the score.

three runs and scored twice.

Cuba, led by third baseman

score as many runs as possible to shorten the game, and I think the to the Soviets' who like the United States probably would Cubans in baseball are the world have done the same thing."

There was no mercy ending for Omar Linares, pounded American pitching for 19 hits in a game the U.S. hockey team. The Americans fell behind 4-0 in the shortened to 6½ innings by the first period and it only got worse.

"I think we played well enough tonight to beat West Germany." Linares, rated the best amateur said U.S. coach Jeff Saner of the Americans' next opponent. "But we were not playing West Ger-

> The U.S. team beat the Soviets 3-1 in Oakland earlier this month, but the rematch was no contest as Pavel Bure and Evgeny Davydov each scored twice for the Soviets.

"They were pretty much in control," said Joe Sacco, who got the only U.S. goal, in the third period. "It's tough coming from behind 4-0 to the best team in the Boxing

U.S. bantamweight Tony Gonzalez beat young Shinn-Soo of South Korea on a unanimous catcher lay on the ground for

some 20 minutes before being taken to hospital. After an ex amination, he was released.

Modern pentathlon

In men's shooting competition Anatoli Starostsin of the Sovie Union placed first, hitting 195 or of 200 targets for 1,195 points. H was followed by Vahktan Yagorasvili, Soviet Union, wit 193 targets and 1,165 points, an Laszlo Beres, United States, 19 and 1,120. Rob Stuli of the Un ited States placed ninth with 18 and 1,075, while American Doug las Stull placed 15th with 182 an

Kim Raisner of West German won the women's shooting with target score of 192 for 1,15 points. Tati Chernetskaya of th Soviet Union was second wit 189, or 1,105 points. Terry Lewi of the United States and Carolin Delemer of France tied for thir at 188, or 1,090 points. America Lori Norwood, the 1989 work champion, was tied for sixth wit Yan Liu of China at 186, or 1,06 points. Kimberley Arata of Var denberg, California, was ninth at 183 and 1.015.

Medal Table

(144 medal events)

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	Soviet Union	52	52	38	142
	United States	51	43	32	126
	East Germany	10 8 2 3 3	7	22	39 21 10
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et	China	2	5	3	10
***	West Germany	3	2	4	9
n, iet ut Ie	Cuba Canada	3 .	6 5 2 2 1 4	2	7
	Canada	2	1	4	. 7
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Activist could help S. Africa get into Olympics

LONDON (AP) - One of apartheid's fiercest opponents could help South Africa be readmitted to the Olympics and other inter-

national events. Sam Ramsamy, who fled his homeland 18 years ago when police started investigating his anti-apartheid activities, said even he was surprised to be going hack to a country he has vilified

for so long over its racial policies. The nine-day trip starting Friday will set the stage for an initial meeting between sports leaders from Johanneshurg and the rest of Africa this autumn.

The executive chairman of the South African Non-Racial Olympic Committee, Ramsamy stressed that black African sports leaders were far from ready to drop the 30-year-old international han on South Africa and its

But he added that recent political developments made this a prudent time to make the trip at the request of the Association of National Olympic Committees of Africa (ANOCA).

"There is a great deal of scepticism. To be honest, I am surprised myself," Ramsamy said.
"But this is a mandate from ANOCA, and there is the fluidity or the current changes in the politics of the country, where Mandela has been released and the (African National Congress) unbanned.

"That indicated that it might be a time to go in and take a heating of the pulse, as it were. But that does not indicate in any way it is a time to lift the boycott."

Ramsamy, a member of the International Olympic Committee's Commission of Apartheid, is scheduled to meet with officials from sports groups during his visit, which ends Aug. 12.

As be has campaigned to keep South Africa isolated in sports, Ramsamy has earned the wrath of many athletes.

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Chang is coming back at 18

TORONTO (AP) - It's hard to imagine an 18-year-old professional athlete being on the comehack trail. That may best describe Michael Chang.

After startling the tennis world by winning the 1989 French Open, Chang buckled under the pressure of expectation last summer in the United States, then suffered a stress fracture of the left hip during practice in December.

The hip injury really hurt me, hut in a way it was good, too, because '89 was a tough year and it gave me a chance to rest," Chang said after winning the \$1.5 million Players' International Tournament.

In the error-marred, longestever final in the 101-year-old history of the tournament, Chang recovered from losing the first set for the third straight match at the National Tennis Centre to defeat fellow American Jay Berger 4-6,

6-3, 7-6 (7-3). Entering the tournament, Chang was ranked 24th, compared to a high of No. 5 on the computer last year. In Europe, where he was eliminated in the first round at three consecutive clay-court tournaments while pretion that his career was finished. count of 49 unforced errors to

ASUNCION, Paraguay (AP) — Chile will host next year's Amer-

ica's Cup, the South American

Dates, sites, match-nps and

other information about the

tournament to take place during

June and July will be disclosed at a later date, Federation President

The America's Cup, held every

two years, pits national teams

from 10 South American nations

against each other. Last year,

Chile's Football Federation, said,

Pct.

.529

.490

.471

.461

.455

.598

.515

.505

52 55

50

"it is a great satisfaction for the Asfura said.

Nicolas Leoz said.

American League

East Division

West Division

53

Monday's games

Soccer Federation has ruled.



Michael Chang

Until the end, the match offered little of the electricity generated by the Andre Agassi-Chang quarterfinal, or the Pete Sampras-Chang semifinal.

Instead, it proved more of an endurance contest as the players battled not only each other, but energy-sapping heat. "It made it hard against Jay

Berger because he doesn't give up anything," said an exhausted Chang, his face flushed an hour after the match from the heat. "He's known to fight, fight,

fight until it's over." Because he played more paring for this year's French aggressively than usual, fatigue the leg cramps he suffered against Open, there was open specula- contributed to Berger's whopping

Chile to host 1991 America's Cup

Chilean sporting public to orga-

nise this event and demonstrate

to the world we are capable of

managing a competition of this high level."

The chairman of the federa-

tion's Foreign Relations Commit-

tee, Alfredo Asfura, said tenta-

tive plans call for terms to be

divided into two groups, one

hased at Valparaiso and Vina Del

Mar, and the other in the capital

which can seat 30,000 people,"

against each other. Last year,
Brazil hosted and won the tournament, edging Uruguay in the finals.

Abel Alonso, president of Alonso, president of Sansaliro and Pol Mar,

U.S. BASEBALL STANDINGS

GB

1

15

16

Chang's 26, five in the third-set tiebreaker, Berger also donhlefaulted, giving Chang a 3-1 lead, and failed to land his first serve on four service opportunities until zinging an ace by Chang,

In other bouts, in the

heavyweight class, world Cham-

pion Felix Savon of Cuba had no

problem with Javier Alvarez of

the United States, while Bert

Tenchert of West Germany swept John Bray of the United States

5-0. In the welterweight division, Romanian Francisc Vastage

edged Emmett Linton of the Un-

The volleyball competition be-

Cuba survived the toughest test

of the day by beating the Nether-

lands 3-1 while Italy won a com-

petitive three-game match against Argentina. The Soviet Union sur-

rendered just 15 points in sweep-

The baseball final will be be-

There was a scare for the

tween Cuba and Japan who out-classed Canada 15-8.

Japanese when Koichi Sekikawa

was hit in the head with a pitch

from Canadian burler Chris

Smeeton. The left-handed hitting

gan with the top teams, Cuba, Italy and the Soviet Union, all

showing their class.

ng Brazil.

ited States on a 3-2 decision.

"You play every player diffe-rent," said Berger, explaining his frequent attacks on the net. "Against Boris Becker, you concentrate on returning his serve. Against Michael, you've always got to remember that you might have to hit an extra ball because he'll run down your shots."

As he had in previous matches, Chang, 18, ignored the threat of Agassi hy retrieving almost every

The games could go a long way. Asfura said, to repairing the

Chile's reputation, which was

damaged last year when goalie

Roberto Rojas lied that he had

been struck hy a flare fired by

someone in the stands during a

After an investigation, the In-

ternational Soccer Federation

barred Rojas from international

play for life, and suspended Chile until the 1994 World Cup.

"We want to recover the good image of Chilean soccer," Asfura

said. "What happened last year in Maracana Stadium in Rio de

Janeiro was an accident which

1

9

13

15

should be forgotten."

match against Brazil.

final ends in chaos RIO DE JANEIRO (R) - The go would meet the winners of a

Rio state soccer

final of the Rio State Soccer Championship between Botafogo and Vasco ended in chaos with both teams claiming to have won the competition — and performing laps of honour around the

Botafogo, who led 1-0 at the end of 90 minutes, refused to accept an earlier ruling by the Rio Foothall Federation that in the case of a Botafogo victory the score would revert to 0-0 and the final would go to extra time.

When the referee hlew the whistle for full time Botafogo's players left the pitch, grabbed the trophy, completed a victory lap and went back to the dressing

Vasco's players and referee Claudio Garcia, meanwhile, waited in the centre circle for extra time to begin.

After 30 minutes of waiting, it was announced the match had been abandoned and Vasco completed their own lap of honour with a trophy supplied by a television station.

Earlier this month the Rio Federation changed the rules under which the final would be played to placate Botafogo's eventual

opponents. The original rules said Botafo-

semifinal playoff between Vasco and Fluminense on equal terms.

But the two teams, who had demanded a triangular competition, said Botafogo had had too easy a passage into the final, qualifying on points rather than victories.

The Federation ruled that if Botafogo beat Vasco, the score would revert to 0-0 at the end of 90 minutes and Botafogo wonid have to win again in extra time to claim the title. If Vasco won or drew in the 90 minutes, they would be champions.

Botafogo have appealed against the decision to a sporting tribunal and a ruling is expected later this

Eduardo Vianna, president of the federation, announced after the match that Botafogo would be suspended. Bnt Mario Zagalo, a coach of

Brazil's 1970 World Cup winning side, hlamed the Rio Federation: 'This is the end," he said. "Can you imagine this sort of confusion in international soccer?"

The match itself, for which the 160,000-capacity Maracana Stadium was less than a quarter full, offered little excitement. The decisive goal was scored by Carlos Alberto Dias in the 79th minute.

Test run of Asian Games in Peking called a success

Games a success, despite some some problems so we cannot rehitches, and announced further lax our vigilance," said State moves to give Peking a reimented Councillor Li Tieying, quoted hy look for September's extravathe official Peking Daily.

More than 1,000 athletes, 400

PEKING (R) — Chinese commentators Tuesday proclaimed the Asian Games village.

"This trial run was very successful. Of course there were cessful. Of course there were

Traffic jams must be resolved officials and 200 Chinese journal-ists completed Monday a two-day dardisc" their behaviour, the

test of sports and press facilities newspaper said.

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH ©1990 Tribune Media Services, Inc.

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South you

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

♠KJ8 ♥10863 ♦A5 ♠Q1074 Partner upens the bidding with one beart. What do you respond? A .- This is the sort of hand that made players adopt limit jump raises. If you play forcing jump raises you have to make the tempo-rizing response of two clubs, intending to raise hearts at your next turn. Unfortunately, partner won't know whether you have three- or fnurcard trump support, which could be crucial to his decision to bid game or

Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you **★AKQ64** ♥A16832 ♦ Void **★**AK9 What is your opening bid?

A.—Even though you bave excep-tional offensive potential and only a three-loser band, two-suiters are not easy to old if you start with a demand bid, especially if you play weak two-bids with two clubs as the only force. We suggest a one-spade opening followed by a jump shift in

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you **≜**AQ106 ♥KJ62 ♦J7 **≜**J83 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ♥ Dbl ?

What action do you take? A .- Had there been no intervening action, you would have to decide whether your hand was good enough for a forcing jump raise. After a takeout double, however, a jump raise becomes preemptive. The way to show this hand is first to redouble, then raise hearts... Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you ♠K104 ♥A93 ♦QJ92 ♣AK10 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West

1 4 Pass 3 NT Pass
4 4 Pass 7
What do you bid now?
A.—Even if you play Gerber,
North's bid of four clubs is not accomplished to the control of the control o asking—it is a natural slam try in clubs. Since you have an excellent hand in support of clubs, cue-bid your cheapest ace. Bid four hearts.

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you **★1098** ♥**KQ4** ♥**K7 ★AJ954** The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
Pass Pass 3 ♥ ?

What action do you take? A .- For the moment, East's preempt has accomplished its purpose. You can't be sure whose hand it is, and should you elect to take any action and find partner with an unsuitable hand, it could be a bloodbath. Pass, and let the auction take its course.

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you hold: **±1098** ♥**EQ4 ◊E7 ±AJ954** The bidding has proceeded: West North East South Pass Pass 3 Pass Pass Pass Dbl Pass

What action do you take? A .- There's a temptation to try three no trump, but that could be a risky venture since partner did not have enough to open the bidding. We would take our sure profit by converting partner's takeout double to penalties by passing.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY AUGUST 1, 1990. By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is one of those days when you are apt to spend far too much on baving a good time and when you're likely to feel that others are trying to take from you what is rightfully yours.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Your special gifts can come to the foreground after some tense situation about which you would be wise not to get involved and remain in a constructive mood.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) An argument at home over an unresolved problem could keep you from utilising the full advantage other change to enhance benefits at your residence. . .

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Be careful not to get into a battle over ly for then you will be able to put your point across very well with neighbours and friends. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

some contract or account and later you will be able to see how to make the most inf an opportunity to LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You feel you have to start straightening out an annoying situation but you only get in deeper so decide your

July 21) Sidestep a dispute over

goals early and in evening go get them. VIRGO: (August 22 to September

22) Whatever you have in mind to

peeved with should be dismissed and concentration take place upon future expansion of interests.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Consider well the most magnanimous friends and supports you have and let them be more aware

of what they can do to back your

carrent longings.

SCORFIO: (October 23 to November 21) Control that temptation to try to force other to do things your way in the morning and you find in the evening you can extend influ-ence over wide worldly plateau. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Don't let yourself get involved in some strife in the morning and you find in the evening you have all kinds of new

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) A day to sidestep anything but pressing obligations that can make you a much more prosperous personality so get into those worthwhile subjects.

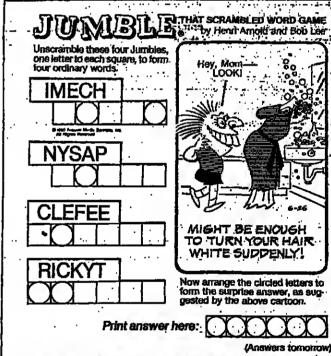
aspirations by which to make prog-

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Don't get bogged down in a personal battle early but watch what comes to light in the outside world and you find a big opportunity awaiting yu. PISCES: (February 20 to March

20) Avoid getting feelings hart by outside in the morning and spend time taking a good look at your to your liking

THE BETTER HALF, By Harris HARRIS 6-27

"If you don't like the onion. rings, just leave them on your plate!"



Jumbles: TIGER FACET BANDIT SCORCH Answer: If you want to relax at dinner, take this before

THE Daily Crossword by Kenneth Witte

ACROSS Billlards stroke Flounder kin 10 Nursery call
14 Popiar
15 Roman poet
18 Verve
17 Charger
12 18-wheeler
19 Reienl
20 Have a ball
23 Dog ir horse
16 the near future 25 Cind 28 Plug 31 Oiscern 35 On — with
(equal to)
37 Golf bag item
39 Ciphers
40 Flee
43 Author Jong
44 Build a nest egg 45 Low price event 46 Dişço lighit © 1990 Tribune Media Se All Rights Reserved Yesterday's Puzzia Solvet. GASE HAPAR EAGS
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DOWN

3 Unusual: abbr.

4 Searches for 5 Invests

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1 Domino 34 Earl of — 2 it. wine center 36 Putting on tape 38 Field of

47. Carol Burnett 56. Actor Bates 57. avis 59. Gertet 59. Mrs. Borlety 59. Actor Bates 59. Mrs. Borlety 59.

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Boston 3, Chicago 0 Kansas City 7, Cleveland 6

New York 6, Detroit 2

Toronto 9, Baltimore 2

Minnesota 7, California 3 Texas 3, Milwaukee 1 Oakland 6, Seattle 2

New York

Pittsburgh

Philadelphia

Montreal

Chicago

St. Louis

National League Frat Distala

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West Division

incinnati	59	41	.590	_
an Francisco	54	47	.535	51/2
os Angeles	52	48	.520	7
an Diego	44	56	.440	15
Iouston	43	60	.417	171/2
Atlanta	40	60	.400	19

Monday's games

Atlanta 4, San Diego 3, 11 innings -Houston 6, San Francisco 1 Los Angeles 4, Cincinnati 1 Only games scheduled

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(September 1).

(October 3).

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ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Moroccan oil storage project starts

RABAT (R) - Bechtel Enterprises, Inc. of the U.S. and the Olayan Development Corporation of Saudi Arabia have signed an accord in Casablanca to build a storage facility for 800 million barrels of crude oil, the official news agency MAP has said. They signed the accord with the Moroccan petroleum products distribution company Societe Nationale de Produits Petroliers (SNPP) to build the facility underground in a disused salt mine at Mohammedia, 25 kilometres cast of Casablanca. Mohammedia is Morocco's main petroleum post and the site of the country's largest oil remover, MAP said the storage facility, to be built in stages, would be available to both oil producers and consumers.

China raises domestic postal rates

BELITNG (AP) - China's domestic postal rates were raised 150 per cent for the first increase in 40 years, effective Tuesday, the official media has reported. The announcement, carried in most of the official press, said domestic postal rates had been raised 150 per cent, from .04 years (0.85 U.S. cents) to .10 years (2 cents) for a local delivery and from .08 years (1.7 cents) to .20 years (4 cents) for inter-city letters. It said parcel post charges also were raised 150 per cent. Overseas rates, which are much higher, were not mentioned in the announcement. China's postal services have been running deficits since the 1970s because rates have failed to keep up with costs, the English-language China Daily said.

Quality of iranian carpets slumps

NICOSIA (R) - Iranian carpet exports are being badly hit by a combination of sungging, still design and shoddy workmanship, the Iranian news agency IRNA has reported. It said the exports played a key role in plans to make the economy less dependent nn oil and six million people worked in the industry. But it quoted Mohammad Reza Abed, managing director of Iran Carpet Company, as complaining of a lack of raw materials, the use of derivative designs, a shortage of skilled manpower and no quality control. Mohammad Ali Tayrani, deputy commerce minister for parliamentary affairs, niged training courses for weavers and the removal of economic obstacles facing manufacturers, IRNA said. 'If we are supposed to earn \$18 million from carpet exports in the ongoing five-year development plan, we should get back our place on international markets as soon as possible," Tayrani said. Karim Ansari, a member of the Union of Carpet Exporters, said the industry could be revived by letting every foreign-bound traveller take a hand-woven carpet out with him. IRNA quoted a customs officer as saying some 70 per cent of exportable earpets were smuggled out by sea last year, greatly damaging the export

E. German unemployment tops 250,000

EAST BERLIN (R) - The number of unemployed East Germans jumped to quarter of a million in July, an increase of more than 100,000 from June, and was due to go higher, Labour Minister Regine Hildebrandt has said. The surge in unemployment was strongest in the first half of the month, following the merger of the two German economies July 1, and Hildebrandt told SFB radio: "In theory the figure could be much higher." She forecast industry would lose one million jobs and some sectors such as chemicals would be virtually annihilated because they caused too much damage to the environment. Another 250,000 jobs would go in agriculture, she said. The government has kept the number of jobless down by putting hundreds of thousands on short-term jobs - paying them out of state coffers for doing little or nothing. Hildebrandt said 500,000 people applied for shortterm work in the two weeks after the two economies were merged on free market lines. Unemployment, virtually unknown in East Germany until the fall of the country's Stalinist leaders last year, has skyrocketed because the economy cannot compete with Western companies entering the market after decades of expulsion. Some politicians and bankers expect memployment to reach three million, a third of the workforce, in the next two years.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Tuesday, July 31, 1990 Central Bank official rates

fiza (for 100) 56.1	366.5 113.2 56.4 200.8
	th crown 112.5

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

N. A.R.

MEST TOX

10

1.8495.8505 1.1545/55 1,6010/15 1.8040/50 1.3580/90 32.92/97 5.3610/60 1172/1173 146.97/147.02

5.8460/8510

6.1830/80

6.1235/85

U.S. dollar Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

One nunce of gold 370.80/371.30

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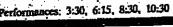
Performances: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

Cinema

CONCORD

Dureid Lahham /

Madeline Tabar . in (AFROUN





debt reaches 36b roubles

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet foreign debt is 36 billion roubles (\$61 billion) in hard currency equivalent, Deputy Prime Minister Stepan Sitaryan has said in a newspaper interview.

This compares with a figure of 34 billion roubles (\$58 billion) given by Prime Minister Nikolai Ryzkhov to parliament in June

last year. Sitaryan, head of the Foreign Economic Commission, told the weekly Argumenty I Fakty that Kuwait had granted Moscow a 300 million rouble (\$510 million) long-term credit, but gave nn

He was asked whether foreign firms and businessmen were losing faith in the Soviet Umon. Our indebtedness is 36 billion hard currency roubles," he replied. "For such a big country that is not so much.

"Some foreign hanks have started to lose faith io us and recalled their credits, although our hanks are now repaying all credits. There has not been a single case of unn-payment. There have only been non-payments for goods," he noted. The Soviet Union had a hard

currency balance of payments de-ficit of more than 6.4 billion roubles (\$11.01 billion) in the first half of 1990, up 150 per cent on the same period of 1989. Sitaryan said bigger foreign

purchases were planned for this year and added; "We are counting on the fact that, having a reasonable rating, we shall be able all the same to get good credits in the West."

He said Italy, France and West Germany were apparently prepared to lend to the Soviet Union and he also had hopes of assist-

Soviet foreign Vienna bourse outshines other world markets

Europe, was the fastest-ning billion). bourse in the world during the first half of the year, according to an exchange statement.

The Vienna bourse index rose 142.74 points to 654.25 by June 30, an increase of 28 per cent compared with a 6.4 per cent rise nn Wall Street in the same

period. The index, which peaked at an all-time high of 739.21 points in year ago. mid-March, closed last month near that level at 729.05.

"The hasic driving force behind this upswing was 'East Bloc fantasy' and the related great interest by foreign investors and investment funds in Austrian shares," the statement added.

VIENNA (R) - Vienna's stock shares listed and 48 foreign exchange, benefitting from its stocks. It is capitalised at 351 place on the doorstep of Eastern billion Austrian schillings (\$30.65

> In the first four mouths of 1990 foreign investors bought Austrian shares worth 9.0 billion schillings (\$786 million) against 2.5 billion schillings (\$218.3 million) in the same period last year.

Total turnover reached 155.9 billion schillings (\$13.62 billion) — four times higher than the 42.9 billion schillings (\$3.75 billion) a

Fastest risers were banks, energy shares and stocks related to the textile and metal industries. In June the market began trade in its first listed Eastern European shares - Hungary's Ibusz travel concern, also listed in The bourse has 102 domestic Budapest.

Algeria increases fuel prices to cut budget gap

ALGIERS (R) - Algeria's par- ly. hament has approved fuel price

that the national assembly for 1990 after hours of stormy dinars (\$220 million). debate late Monday. But the deputies lowered most of the proposed new taxes and rejected a housing tax sought hy the gov-

and five centimes a litre (two rate. cents a gallon) for diesel.. The mal, super and diesel, respective- the black market.

emment.

Algeria had projected a 1990 hikes as part of a tax package budget deficit of 3.5 hillion dinars designed to cut the budget deficit. (\$390 million) on expenditure of Algerian radio said Tuesday 140 billion dinars (\$16 billion) and had hoped the nex taxes adopted a supplementary hudget would slash the gap to two billion

> The full extent of the taxes adopted by parliament was not immediately clear.

Parliament approved by a vote nf 72 to 7I a controversial mea-The Algerian news Agency APS sure to require visiting Algerian said petrol prices would rise 10 emigrants to exchange the centimes a litre (four cents a equivalent of 3,500 dinars (\$390) gallon) for both normal and super once a year at the official hank

The measure is designed to government had sought hikes of channel more hard currency into 35, 20 and 100 centimes for nor- the banking system rather than

World tin body dissolves itself

LONDON (R) - With no staff of world tin production in its dropped. and no office left to meet in, the once-powerful International Tin Council (ITC) dissolved itself tion from non-members such as Tuesday five years after it went hust trying to regulate the world market in tin.

The ITC, whose collapse in metal tumbling from £8,100 (now value. \$15,000) a tonne to £3,400 headquarters of the International Sugar Organisation to formally wind itself up, and went through the formality of declaring itself finished on a press release.

The collapse of the ITC underlined the fraility of international pacts to regulate commodity trade.

The London-based ITC comprised 23 states, grouping major tin producers and consumers. Under the 1956 international tin fixed range by huying when they were low and selling when they

Its heyday was the 1960s and 1970s, when the council had mus-

IMF to assess Sudan's reforms soon

ABU DHABI (R) — Sudan's economic reform programme, launched in July, will be assessed by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in September, Khartoum's finance and planning

minister was quoted as saying. Abdul Rahim Hamdi told the Abu

Dhabi-hased Al Ittihad newspaper the IMF agreed last week to

give Sudan three months to implement the programme before it

passed judgement. "I can't say now the IMF will be positive,

because I don't know what it wants to do when that period

expires," Handi was quoted as saying. Sudan's military leaders, faced with foreign deht of more than \$12 billion, a civil war in the

south and falling exports, in July launched a three-year economic reform package. The IMF in May threatened to sever its links with Sudan unless an accord was reached in July.

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control.

But by the mid-1980s, produc-China and Brazil was rising while the ITC was running short of cash to keep the price at what had become artificially high levels October 1985 sent the price of the compared with the free market It ran out of funds after mem-

(\$6,300) even had to borrow the ber states failed to pay sufficient contributions to finance a buffer stock and the crunch came in October 1985 when it told the London Metal Exchange (LME) it could no longer support the crashed.

The collapse brought huge claims against the ITC from metal brokers and banks who spent the next four year trying to claim

compensation.

The brokers, who had been agreement it kept prices within a buying the tin on behalf of the fixed range by huying when they the ITC was unable to pay for and which had lost its value. Banks had lent money to the ITC, with tin warrants as collateral. The cle in the market, and 80 per cent value of the collateral also

The creditors claimed some £500 million (now \$930 million) in one of the biggest cases of commercial default. But they met little success after British courts ruled the ITC immune from legal

After much haggling, the ITC and the 36 creditors finally shook hands on a £182.5 million (now \$340 million) settlement in December, which was paid in March

All court cases have now been dropped against the ITC, which only kept going to reach a settle-

Most other commodity price support schemes to help Third World countries also crumbled during the 1980s. International pacts to stabilise sugar, coffee and cocoa prices are all in limbo. with the organisations themselves mostly reduced to statistical operations. Only a rubber pact remains in force.

Soviets halt oil search in Yemen

SANAA (R) - Yemen's nil minister has said that Soviet oil exploration in part of the country had halted and that Western companies could fill the gap.

Saleh Abu Bakr Ibn Hussainoun, oil and minerals minister since north and south Yemen united in May, said a visit by Soviet Oil and Gas Industries Minister Leonid Filimonov last month failed to produce an accord.

"We had agreed to sign a protocol to settle the problems facing development (of the Shabwah oilfields) by Sept. 30... hut the Soviet side apolngised at the last minute," Al Thawra newspaper qunted Hussainnun as

Shabwah is in what used to be Marxist-ruled South Yemen, where Soviet nil companies have lnng been active and Western ones virtually excluded.

Yemen's new government said in May it wanted Western companies to start exploring in the south, where most of the coun-

try's nil is thought to be. Hussainoun said he could nnt agree in Soviet terms for completing work in Shabwah.

"That's why we would have to give licences to other foreign (including Western) companies to explore the area as long as there s no positive response from the

Soviet side," he said. An nil pipeline to carry 120,000 barrels per day (b/d) from Shabwah to Bir Ali export terminal had not been enmpleted because its Soviet builders had run out of mnney, Hussainoun addeo.

British Petroleum began exploring io central South Yemen shortly before unification and in June Crescent Petroleum, hased in the United Arah Emirates, agreed to dn sn.

Hussainoun, formerly South Yemen's oil minister, said he hoped the U.S. company Chevron and other Western companies would also start exploration soon.

The Soviet Union and several Western companies are part of a consuctium set up before unificatinn to explore the North and South Yemen, west of Shabwah.



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Report encourages Japanese to share more technology

to begin sharing its technical promess with the rest of the world.

The 1060s and 70s wess with the rest of the world.

the Ministry of International seas and should put out the welment and private institutes.

It said Japanese companies' vnracious appetite for new technology causes the country to import more foreign technology in the form of patent myalties and proprietary rights than it exports. Japanese consumers. despite its growing technological prowess.

"We would like the private sector to become more enlightened and increase its technology transfers overseas," said Hidetoshi Nishimura, director of the ministry's machinery and in-

formation industries bureau. He said the ministry would try tn encourage transfers of technology by creating "favourable conditions" including tax credits in a

programme being formulated. Private companies currently of Japan's research and developcarefully guard their technology from rival firms. This has led to quired. questions about whether they most advanced technningy over-

TOKYO (AP) — After years of Last year, Japanese companies guiding Japan's technological rise, were the top four recipients of the trade ministry said Tuesday parents in the United States and the time has come for the nation reportedly filed nearly half the

In the 1960s and 70s, before the An advisory report released by development of extensive private Japanese research capabilities, Trade and Industry said Japan the trade ministry played an imshould sell more technology over- portant role in guiding Japanese research efforts aimed at decome mat for increased numbers velnpiog key technologies in of foreign researchers at govern- areas such as computers and semiconductors.

But as trade friction has intensified, the ministry has begun calling for a reversal of its old export-first prientation and for more attention to the needs of

"It's time to look to see what are the root causes of trade irrigation, and as a country which now produces 15 per cent of the world's gross naninual product, tn cope with them as quiekly as possible," Nishimura said.

"After attaining economic grnwth on the basis of technology imported from the West, it is time for Japan to export its technology to the rest of the world." he

The report said Japan bought foot the hill for about 30 per cent 65.9 hilling yen (\$439 million) more technology from nverseas in ment, compared to less than 50 1988 than it sold, while the Unper cent in the United States, and ited States sold 1.1 trilling yen (\$7.3 billinn) more than it ac-

The ratio of Japanese technolowould be willing to share their gy exports to imports has increased but "it's still a deficit," Nishimura said.



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Armenia parliament defies Gorbachev order to disarm

MOSCOW (AP) - Lawmakers in Soviet Armenia have rejected President Mikhail Gorbacbev's decree that armed groups in the republic must turn in their weapons and disband, a local activist said.

The parliament voted to defy Gorbachev, saying his July 25 decree "contradicts the natural right of the Armenian people for self-defence" as outlined in Armenia's constitution and in the United Nations Charter, said Ovanes Muradian, a spokesman for the Armenian National Movement.

Soviet television reported Monday night that Gorbachev's decree was being ignored, with few weapons seized and armed attacks continuing in Armenia. In addition, the leadership of the Republic of Georgia appealed to the public for order, citing an increase in lawlessness and activity by armed groups.

The decree was Gorhachev's latest attempt to stem more than two years of ethnic unrest in the southern Caucasus and Central Asian republics that has killed more than 400 people, caused millions of rubles (dollars) in damage and produced rhousands of refugees.

Soviet Interior Minister Vadim Bakatin said last week that military force would be used if the decree were disoheyed. He acknowledged there could be implementation problems if Moscow does not have the republics' full cooperation.

In voting to suspend Gorbachev's decree on Armenia and the disputed region of Nagorno-Karahakh. Muradian said the parliament also declared the republic could police itself, without outside interference.

IRA claims

lawmaker

LONDON (AP) -The Irish Re-

publican Army (IRA) Tuesday

claimed responsibility for killing

lawmaker Ian Gow, a close friend

of Prime Minister Margaret

lemeath his car at his

the 1979 Tory election victory.'

ment's fight against the TRA.

Scotlaud Yard's chief anti-

terrorist officer, George

Churchill-Coleman, had said

Monday that the attack appeared

Dressed in mourning black,

Thatcher attended a service in

memory of Gow Monday night at

the Anglican Parish Church in the

village of Hankham, 95

kilometres south of Londou,

where Gow lived with his wife,

Gow, a 53-year-old legislator who was ou an IRA hit list, was

killed Monday morning by a

bomh attached under his car. It

exploded when he got into the

vehicle, parked outside his home.

ern Ireland Committee in the

House of Commons. The com-

mittee discusses the affairs of the-

province, where the IRA is fight-

ing British rule, but has no power

The Independent uewspaper

said Tuesday: "The assassination

of Ian Gow may represent an

attempt by the IRA to cause

personal hurt to Margaret

Thatcher and goad her into over-

reacting to his death. ... His sym-

bolic importance lay in his close

association with the prime minis-

The Gow and Thatcher fami-

lies were close and often spent

Christmas together. Gow was

Thatcher's parliamentary private

secretary from 1979, when she

came to power, until 1983. In the

post, he served as her adviser and

liaison with members of Com-

Looking somber and shakeu,

Thatcher told reporters in Lon-

don before leaving for Hankham

that the slaying would make no

difference in her Conservative

government's fight against terror-

their family very much. They are

very close friends. ... I could talk

to him like nobody else," she

"We love Ian and Jane and

over legislation.

He was chairman of the North-

to be the work of the IRA.

The IRA claim was made in a

killing

British

The parliament, or Supreme Soviet, rejected Gorbachev's decree "to prevent possible conflicts and mutual bloodshed between the armed forces of the USSR and the Armenian population." Muradian quoted the lawmakers' resolution as saving.

"Soviet army and interior troops have no right to exercise any punitive actions on Armenian territory without permission of the Supreme Soviet of the republic." the resolution said.

The lawmakers were willing to negotiate with Gorbachev on the issue. Muradian added, speaking by telephone from Armenia's capital of Yerevan. He did not provide a vote total.

Gorbachev's decree gave ille-gally armed militants 15 days to turn in their weapons or risk having them confiscated by local police, officials of the republics or Interior Ministry troops.

The decree encompassed all groups that threatened lives. seized arms, assaulted soldiers or police, or attacked military and

civilian facilities. The Soviet television news programme Vremya, citing Soviet Interior Ministry sources. reported Monday night that residents in various trouble spots were not obeying the Gorhachev

decree. The decree also had no effect in Nagorno-Karahakh, a mostly Armenian enclave inside the neighbouring republic of Azer-

haijan, Vremya said. According to the unofficial Postfactum News Service, representatives of the military commandant's office in Stepanakert, the main city in Nagornotense and expected it to worsen because of the decree.

Besides Armenia, Bakatin said illegally armed groups operate in Moldavia, Georgia, Azerbaijan, Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia,

Bakatin estimated that up to 20,000 Armenians were involved in such groups, but said others put the figure as high as 100,000.

Bakatin said Interior Ministry troops would be sent to republics requesting them, and army troops could go in if a state of emergency were declared. He said many local officials were swept up in the same nationalism as their neighbours and were powerless to stop ethnic fighting.

In Armenia, troops have seized 6,000 firearms, including 1,500 automatic weapons, Bakatin said.

Interior Ministry soldiers already patrol the Armenia-Azerbaijan border. At least 200 people have been killed, mostly over who should govern Nagorno-Karabakh, which has been controlled hy Azerbaijan

Meanwhile, Gorbachev left Monday on his vacation in the Crimea, in southern Russia, the TASS news agency announced.

The one-sentence item provided no other details on his trip. Gorhachev usually takes about months' vacation in August.

The new session of the Supreme Soviet legislature, expected to take up the critical economic plan for the nation, convenes on

In a separate dispatch, TASS reported that Gorbachev expressed his gratitude to various Communist Party officials, groups and Soviet citizens congratulating him Karahakh. called the situation on his election as general secretary at the 28th Communist Party

Jaruzelski denies Walesa charges; to step down early

BRUSSELS (R) - Poland's president said in an interview published Tuesday be would step down early but rejected charges by Solidarity leader Lech Walesa that he was the main obstacle to

"I cannot imagine that I will be able to complete my term," Woiciech Jaruzelski told the Belgian business daily L'Echo de la Bourse. "It will finish much earlier (than scheduled)."

statement to Press Association. Walesa, who led Solidarity Britain's domestic news agency. trade union to sweeping victory in Gow was killed Monday morn-Poland's first oppositiouing by a bomb that exploded contested elections in four decades and is now angling for the Hankham, sontheast England. presidency, has said the former The IRA said Gow was killed Communist ruler is a symbol of because of his close association

the past who should be removed. with Thatcher and because he Jaruzelski did not say when he was "one of a small group of would step down but indicated influential Tories ... who in the moves by Solidiarity to dislodge late 1970s formulated the British him could succeed. A proposal policy pursued in Ireland since last week by Walesa supporters for his immediate resignation Thatcher said she was detergained support from about a mined that Gow's death would quarter of the 400-member parmake uo difference in her governliament.

Jaruzelski, elected a year ago for a six-year term, said in an apparent jibe at Walesa that the next president should be highly educated and even-tempered.

"If one is going to represent a nation of 40 million people, one must have a certain intellectual and cultural format," said Jaruzelski, who comes from a minor aristocratic family. "I think

such men must exist in Poland." Walesa's detractors have said be lacks education, is anthoritarian and unpredictable.

Jaruzelski rejected Walesa's accusation that he was the main hurdle to reform. He said he had stopped voicing opinions or mak-ing proposals which could be seen as interfering.

More than 100 members of parliament have signed a petition urging Jaruzelski to resign, news-

papers reported Monday. The signatures were gathered late Friday by members of the Centre Alliance, a 2-month-old political organisation that backs the election of Walesa to replace Jaruzelski this fall, said the government-owned daily Rzeczpospolita.

Jaruzelski told the Seim, the 460-member lower house of parliament, Saturday that he endorses plans to hold a debate in September on the proper timing of new presidential and parliamentary elections.

Communists win majority in Mongolian elections

ULAN BATOR (R) — Mongo-lia's ruling Communist Party, un-challenged for 69 years, has beaten democratic opposition parties to win a majority in the natiou's first free electious.

according to preliminary results. Deputy chairman of the National Election Commission, Khermetbek, told a news conference Tuesday the Communists had wou about 60 per cent of the seats in parliament's lower house and 85 per cent of the 402 seats decided in the 430-seat upper house.

Foreign diplomats said that despite their majority, the Communists had lost more power than expected to loosely-allied democratic opposition parties. A high degree of political pluralism

seemed assured, they added. Democratic opposition party leaders hailed the result as the dawn of democracy for a people who can remember Stalinist purges, the desecration of monastries, the murder of Bnddhist high priests, an intrusive secret police and starvation.

"This is a great step forward," said Batbayar, head of the Social Democratic Party.

"These elections were the funeral for orthodox Communism. There has been a great darkness and the change to light has

been so sudden," he added. Mongolia, a land the size of Western Europe wedged between China and the Soviet Union, has been under one-party Communist rule since the Soviet Red Army of espousing free-market demomarched in 1921 and installed a cracy.

government loyal to Moscow and isolated from the rest of the Inspired by the collapse of

Communism in Eastern Europe, a democratic movement sprang up last December and forced concession after concession from the Communists, culminating in Sunday's multi-party elections.

Both the Communist Party and the three main democracy opposition parties propose ecouomic reform including freemarket prices, private enterprise, hard currency foreign trade, luring foreign investors and opening up to the capitalist West. The two sides differ on the speed and degree of such reform.

Foreign observers said the elections were basically fair but wildly erratic. "No tricks, much mess," was how Maciej Jankowski, an observer from the Polish Solidarity Movement, summed up the

About 91.9 per cent of a suffrage of around one million voted in the poll. Election officers rode out on tractors, motorbikes and horseback to take ballot boxes to elderly or sick nomads in Mongohan tents (yurts) pitched high on remote mountain pastures.

Counting procedures bave been bedevilled by the fact that Communist Party members could run for the opposition without relinquishing their party membership, observers said.

men were killed and three Western nations are watching seriously wounded in an explo-Mongolia's elections to see if the sion in an old Datch fort in country will honour its promises northern Jaffna Monday, military sources said.

Opposition leaders: Gorbachev's time is gone

WASHINGTON (AP) - They are devout, intense, orthodox in their Russian religion and unorthodox in their politics, men from Moscow who contend that the only way to reform the Soviet Union is to dissolve it.

They are telling Americans in and out of government that while their nation needs aid massive aid - it should not be channelled through President Mikhail Gorbachev, a man

whose time, they say, has gone. Instead, they want the West to work with individual republics like Russia, whith local governments and with independent cooperatives, businesses and organisations like their Christian Democratic Party.

Sipping ice water in a conference room at the conservative think tank that is sponsoring their week-long U.S. visit, they take turns telling, through an interpreter, of plans and goals that seem far beyond their

Gleb Yakunin, a Russian Orthodox Priest; Victor-Aksyuchits, the party chair-man, and Valery Borshchov, a member of the Moscow City Council, use differing words to preach the same political sermon — U.S. policy should not be tied to Gorbachev's govern-

Yakunin's black cassock and silver cross do not fit the image of a political figure, but his

Tamil

said Tuesday.

among the dead.

Monday night,

Tigers kill

14 Muslims

COLOMBO (Agencies) — Suspected Tamil separatist guerrillas

lined up and shot dead 14 Mus-

lims and wounded three in a town

in eastern Sri Lanka, residents

They said early morning shop-

pers at Akkaraipattu town found the bullet-riddled bodies in pools

Military sources in Colombo

The sources said 10 Tamil civi-

lians were killed Monday night by

suspected Muslim villagers iu a

revenge attack at Kantalai village

eastern Trincomalee district.

Earlier Monday, a Muslim man

was killed by the Tigers in the

same village because his relative

worked for the army, the sources

President Rauasinghe Pre-

madasa Tuesday flew to the war-

tom eastern district of Amparai,

near Akkaraipattu, to review

security and facilities for re-

An Akkaraipattu resident said

by telephone that shops had

closed soon after the discovery of

further attacks." he said. Police

commandos patrolled the streets.

based Muslim Congress said the

Tigers seized 10 rice farmers who

were returning from harvesting

"They were asked to line up

and seven others from shops.

and their hands tied with their

shirts. The gunmen opened fire

and ran away. The 14 died on the

spot while three were injured," a

He said the Tigers were trying

to create a communal clash to

turn the eyes of the world and the

attention of the government away

that according to their estimates 295 Muslims had been killed by

the Tigers since the war hegan.

This could not be independent-

The Akkaraipattu attack was

the fourth major strike on Mus-

lims by the Tigers in the current

Last Saturday, Tiger fighters

stormed into a mosque and killed

five Muslims who had just

finished their prayers, military

They said three others were

injured in the attack in Samantur-

Four days earlier, Tigers eu-

tered another mosque in the same

area and opened fire, killing two

people including the preacher

The rebels killed 60 Muslims

after ambushing three lorries and

two buses in which they were

travelling in eastern Batticaloa

In other incidents, two police-

district on July 15, the govern-

ai, also in Amparai district.

The Congress spokesman said

Congress spokesman said.

from the war front.

confirmed.

wave of fighting.

sources said.

and injuring four.

ment said.

A spokesman for the eastern-

"People are tense. They fear

the hodies.

confirmed the killing but bad no

word do. And he seems to be first among this political threesome, all threatened as dissidents, and Yakumin imprisoned, before the reforms for which they credit Gorbachev.

"Gorbachev has done great historic service by starting this process," Yakunin said. "But now... events have gone beyond him." "So we need new forces now,

to carry through the reform," said Aksyuchits. "The Communist Party is not capable of doing it."

The aims and agenda these three men outline sounds impractical, uurealistic, far beyond reach. But it bears mention that

only eight months ago, Vytautas Landsbergis, a quiet music teacher and parliamentarian, came to Washington to tell the few who would listen that Lithuanians meant to declare independence from the Soviet Union, and wanted the United States to help make it

He got to see an assistant secretary of state. Then be went home and became president of a breakaway Lithuania.

Yaknmin, Aksyuchits and Borshchov are making the rounds at the State Department, the Capitol and have an appointment to see White House Chief of Staff John H.

They won't gain encouragement for their suggestion that the United States and the West work around Gorbachev instead of through his govern-

Although the Bush administration has said it is seeking contacts with some opposition political and economic movements in the Soviet Union. diplomacy and economic business are conducted on a government-to-government basis. That means U.S. officials deal with Gorbachev.

The administration wants his policies to succeed. While President George Bush has rejected direct U.S. economic aid, West Germany is offering assistance, beginning with \$3.1 billion in guaranteed bank loans. Other European allies may help, too. The United States has not ruled out technical assistance and advice.

The opposition politicians agree that aid is needed but want it routed to political and economic organisations they say can make up a new "civil society" to take over from Commun-

"The West shouldn't place all its bets on Gorbachev," said Aksynchits. "That would be a

"It's necessary to deal not with yesterday's structures, but with tomorrow's structures," Yakunin said. "The Soviet

empire, and the time has come for this great empire to

leave the stage of history." He said it will be replaced by a looser but lasting political

union among Soviet republics. The three Russians came to New York and Washington under the sponsorship of the Free Congress Foundation, a conservative political organisation that has been conducting training missions on the democratic process for opposition parties and their leaders in the Soviet Union and in Eastern

Their Russian Christian Democratic Movement was founded in 1987. When opposition political parties were legalised earlier this year, it became one. Their platform is a densely worded blend of religion and politics. They claim broad popular support in Russia.

Yakunin couldn't guess how many opposition parties have been created in the Soviet Uuion this year. "Nobody really knows," he said. "Dozens and dozens. Like soap bubbles. Some disappear.'

He said a handful will be the forces of democracy in the future, and the Christian Democrats will be one of them.

Those claims of party strength are subject to proof. The power of the independent political movements already is

Dudley Moore, wife call it quits

police."

LOS ANGELES (AP) - British actor Dudley Moore and Brogan Lane are calling it quits after 21/2 years of marriage. A superior court divorce petition filed Thursday cited irreconcilable differences. The couple has been separated since July 15. Moore, 55, and Miss Lane, 34, were married Feb. 21, 1988. It was Moore's third marriage and Lane's second. The couple has no children. Moore chased Bo Derek in "10" and starred as a lovable lush in Arthur. Lane is a model and aspiring actress.

Teenage girl, family reunite after 14 years

JOHANNESBURG (AP) — A 17-year-old girl has been remitted with her family 14 years after she was affegedly kidnapped. "I didn't believe I'd ever see my parents again," said Natasha Harms, a mixed-race girl who has living with a black family east of Johannesburg. Natasha recently told social workers she bad been abducted by the family when she was a child. Social workers removed Natasha from the family, which had given her a new name and made her do much of the cooking. But Natasha told authorities she could not recall the names of her parents. Government-run television . broadcast her story Saturday night in an effort to help her locate her real family. Her parents, Cedric and Shireen Harms, saw the programme and thought the girl might be their daughter. who vanished while the family was on a shopping trip in downtown Johannesburg in 1976. The couple contacted police Sunday and was able to confirm that Natasha was their daughter. "I was quite numh," said Mrs.

Harms. "I can't speak to Natasha

like I want to. She speaks Zulu

and doesn't speak English too

syringe robs 3 stores

SYDNEY (AP) — A man wield-

well. A black woman has been arrested in connection with the alleged kidnapping, police said. Man wielding

ing a syringe robbed three stores this weekend, and the assailant told one shopkeeper it was infected with the AIDS virus before squirting her with what appeared to be blood. Police said they were uncertain whether the same man carried out the three robberies. The syringe in each case carried a liquid resembling blood, and scieutists were analysing a bypodermic dropped outside one store. On Sunday afternoon, a man entered a newsstand in the northern suburb of Cremorne and demanded money from clerk Debbie Bright. "I looked at him and then I looked at the needle," said Ms. Bright, 23. "He saw me staring at the syringe and said. Yes it is. This is an AIDSinfected needle." Ms. Bright. picked up a candy jar and yelled to a co-worker for help. The assailant then squirted the contents of the syringe on her face, When she screamed, the man escaped fled without taking any money. "The chances of me getting AIDS is virtually nil," Ms. Bright said. "But I will still have to have blood tests. I will not know for sure for three months." Two hours later, a man held up a pharmacist in the northern suburb of Crows Nest. The man ran off and dropped the syringe after

the 23-year-old employee handed

him money.

2 Kashmir separatist leaders arrested

SRINAGAR, India (Agencies) - Security forces captured two Kashmiri separatist leaders and enforced a strict curfew in sensitive areas of Indian-ruled Kashmir Tuesday to prevent protests during a Cairo meeting of Islamic foreign ministers.

Police in Srinagar, summer capital of Jammn and Kashmir, India's only Muslim-majority state, said Mian Abdul Qayyum and Ashraf Sahrai were grabbed in a raid on a village near the border with Pakistan-ruled Kashmir Monday night.

of blood. Ten rice farmers were Qayyum was appointed chairman of an 11-group alliance cal-led the Tehrik-E-Hadiyat Kash-Residents said they believed the Liberation Tigers of Tamil mir (Movement for the Libera-Eelam (LTTE) guerrillas fighting tion of Kashmir) four mouths security forces in the north and ago. He immediately went undereast were involved in the attack ground.

Sahrai was another leader of the Kashmiri militant campaign which flared into major violence in January. Some 40 groups are fighting Indian rule, some aiming for a reunited and independent Kashmir, others to unite with

Police said the arrests were a breakthrough in curbing the activities of militant groups which called for protests in the Kashmir Valley Tuesday to coincide with the opening of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC)

One of the groups, the Jammu and Kashmir Liberation Front (JKLF), has urged the 46 OIC members to endorse Kashmiris' right to self-determination and condemn "the savagery of Indian forces of occupation."

Pakistan, an OIC member and the main backer of the Kashmiri cause, has proposed a resolution for the conference.

Kashmir has been the cause of two of the three wars India and Pakistan have fought since indeendence from Britain in 1947; Two-thirds of Kashmir is ruled by India and the rest by Pakistan.

At least 10 people were killed in separatist violence in the valley in the 24 hours ending at noon Tuesday, bringing the unofficial

growing intimidation by gun-toting militants threatening to kill editors who refuse to publish their statements. In a statement published Tnes-

Meanwhile, the Editors Guild

of India condemned what it called

day, the Guild said newspaper editors in the state of Punjab were forced at gunpoint last week to print the full text of a 21-page letter by Sikh militants seeking independence from India.

The statement also cited cases. last year when gunmen killed an unspecified number of newspaper vendors in Punjab for selling papers hostile to the militant cause.

Other cases of death threats were reported in Kashmir; where Muslims are seeking to break away from the Indian Federation, and by separatists in the far eastети state of Assam.

"Civilised politics cannot operate under such conditions of virtual anarchy," said the statement hy Guild President Nikhil Chak-

Japanese extremists burn 3 shrines an official at Nara Prefectural he said.

TOKYO (AP) - Wooden huildings at three Shinto shrines hurned down in western Japan early Tuesday, police said.

The fires hroke out almost simultaneously — between 1:19 a.m. (1619 GMT) and 1:32 a.m. (1632 GMT) — at three Shinto sbrines in Nara Prefecture (state), police said.

The shrines are widely identified with the history of the imperial family. Extremists opposed to the coronation of Emperor Akihito, scheduled for November, may have been responsible, said

Police Department, speaking on condition of anonymity.

No injuries were reported, but six buildings were destroyed. The shrines are located in Kashihara, Yamaiotakada, and Gose, he

Shintoism is Japan's indigenous religion based on nature worship. Shamanism and elaborate cere-

monial rites. He said the police have so far found several batteries and pieces of lead. Such objects could have been used to trigger fire bombs,

Of the three ancient shrines,

the Iwasononi Imasu Taku Mushitama Shrine in Yamatotakada city was most heavily damaged. Its main building and the hall of worship, totalling 170 square metres were destroyed. Nara, the uation's capital be-

tween 710 and 794, has many sites related to the imperial family.

Police believe that two other incidents, in which two stolen cars in Nara were bombed on the same day, may be connected to.

Cambodian ruling Communists expel minister for 'betrayal'

BANGKOK (R) — Cambodia's ruling Communist Party, waging an increasingly tough war against Khmer Rouge guerrillas, has expelled a government minister from its ranks for betraying the crusade against Pol Pot, state radio said.

The Kampuchean People's Revolutionary Party, formed hy Khmer Rouge defectors and in-stalled as Cambodia's ruler by Vietnam in 1979, has in recent months sacked senior liberals in the government, according to diplomats in Phnom Penh.

"The party Central Committee decided to expel Ung Phan from the party Central Committee and the party due to his betraval of the party and the nation's historic tasks," the radio Monday quoted a party communique as saying. A transcript of the broadcast

was made available Tuesday. Torn between liberalising to woo international support and strengthening its grip in the widening guerrilla war, Cambodia's ruling party in May and June purged the government of liberals it accused of trying to undermine its control.

Diplomats in Phnom Penh said Ung Phan and at least five others were fired for forming a separate party. The constitution allows freedom of association but says the Communist Party is the leading force of the nation. Government radio has said it

foiled a coup plot but did not identify the plotters. Since the withdrawal of Viet-

namese troops last September the Hun Sen government, for years isolated as a puppet of Hanoi, has won increasing international sympathy for its battle against the

Khmer Rouge. But it also faces heavy cuts in aid from its Soviet allies and receives only small-scale humanitarian aid from Western nations.

The Khmer Rouge, claiming. popular support despite the carnage of their 1975-9 rule in which one million Cambodians are said to have died, face growing Western revulsion for their past under Pol Pot, still believed to dominate the radical group, and efforts to keep them out of a political set-

Khmer Rouge radio has reported that its guerrilias overran the district town of Kampot, one of the country's main ports.

The Cambodia party, ending a week-long meeting of its 65member Central Committee, called on the nation to rally round the party to boost confidence in the government.

"The Central Committee would like to appeal to the cutire party, all armed forces and all people to consolidate their internal unity around the party," the radio said .

It also welcomed a U.S. decision to end support for the ernment troop movements.

tion and open talks with Vietnam on preventing the radical guerrillas from returning to power.

The Khmer Rouge radio station said Monday its forces had overrun the port, southeast of Phnom Penh and only 40 kilometres from the Vietnamese border, on July 24.

A transcript of the broadcast, made available in Bangkok on Tuesday, did not say how long guerrillas were in the town but said they killed 19 government soldiers and wounded 45. The radio said last week that its

forces had attacked positions near the port, including the railway station at Kompong Trach, 30 kilometres east of Kampot. The radio report said government forces were deployed to try to retake the town the following

day but were ambushed by the guerrillas. There has been no official report of fighting at Kampot, which is on the railway line from Phnom

Penh to the country's main port of Kompong Som. Cambodian officials say the operrillas have been active in the nearby forested Elephant Moun-

tain Range. Western diplomats in Bangkok say the guerrillas have been increasingly active in recent months, taking advantage of the rainy season, which hinders gov-



EL SEGUNDO, California (AP)

- Zsa Zsa Gabor Monday left

the media-besieged jail where she chose to spend her 72-hour sent-

ence for slapping a Beverly Hills

police officer. Surrounded by ab-

out 100 reporters and onlookers

and at least one heckler who told

her to go back to Hungary, Miss

Gabor, 72, said she spent her jail

time doing secretarial work that

was slightly hampered by her

ignorance of the alphabet. "I had

to file, but I don't know the

ABCs, so they wrote out the

ABCDE for me," she said out-side the jail. "I did very well."

Miss Gabor said that on returning

to her Bel-Air home, "I want to

take a hot bath and talk to my

dogs and my horses." On Friday,

Miss Gabor began her 72-hour

sentence for slapping a policeman during a traffic stop last year. She

paid \$85 a day to do her time at.

the El Segundo jail rather than

have the county pick accom-modations for her. "I was very happily surprised," she said of

her stay in the Los Angeles sub-

urb known for its refinences and

acrospace offices and factories.

Everybody was warm and mee

and sweet. It was OK. The Be-

verly Hills Police should come

and take lessons from this

Told in lita